

Shipping—Steamers.

HONGKONG, CANTON, MACAO AND WEST RIVER STEAMERS.

JOINT SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD., AND THE CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD.

HONGKONG-CANTON LINE.

S.S. "HONAM"	.....3,363 tons.....	Captain H. D. Jones.
"POWAN"	.....3,338 ".....	G. F. Morrison, R.M.R.
"FATSHAN"	.....3,360 ".....	R. D. Thomas.
"HANKOW"	.....3,373 ".....	C. V. Lloyd.
"KINSHAN"	.....1,995 ".....	J. J. Lossius.

Departures from HONGKONG to CANTON daily at 8.30 A.M. (Sunday excepted), 9 P.M. and 10.30 P.M. (Saturday excepted).
 Departures from CANTON to HONGKONG daily at 8.30 A.M., 3 P.M. and 5.30 P.M. (Sunday excepted).

These Steamers, carrying His Majesty's Mails, are the largest and fastest on the River. Special attention is drawn to their Superior Saloon and Cabin accommodation.

SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD. HONGKONG-MACAO LINE.

S.S. "HEUNGSHAN,"1,998 tons.....Captain W. E. Clarke.

Departures from Hongkong to Macao on week days at 2 P.M. Departures on Sundays at Noon.
 Departures from Macao to Hongkong daily at 8 A.M.

CANTON-MACAO LINE.

S.S. "LUNGSHAN,"319 tons.....Captain T. Hamilton.

This steamer leaves Canton for Macao every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at about 8 A.M., and leaves Macao for Canton every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at about 7.30 A.M.

JOINT SERVICE OF THE H.K. C. AND MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD. THE CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD., AND THE INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD.

CANTON-WUCHOW LINE.

S.S. "SAINAM,"588 tons.....Captain W. A. Valentine.

S.S. "NANNING,"569 ".....C. Butchart.

One of the above steamers leaves Canton for Wuchow every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at about 8 A.M. calling at Yanki, Mahning, Kunchuk, Kau-Kong, Samshui, Howlik, Shiu-Hing, Luk-Po, Luk-To, Lo-Ting-Hau, Tak-Hing, Doshing and Fong-Chuen. Departures from Wuchow for Canton calling at the above ports every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at about 8.30 A.M.

FARES:—Canton to Wuchow.....Single \$15.00. Return \$25.00.
 Canton to Tak Hing.....Single \$12.50. Return \$21.00.
 Canton to Samshui.....Single \$7.50.

The above vessels have superior Saloon and Cabin accommodation and are lighted throughout by electricity. Meals charged extra.

Further particulars may be obtained at the Office of the—

HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD.,
 Hotel Mansions, (First Floor) opposite the Hongkong Hotel,
 Or of BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,
 Agents, CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

Hongkong, 6th January, 1906.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY COY.'S ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIP LINE.



Luxury—Speed—Punctuality.

The only Line that maintains a Regular Schedule Service of 12 Days across the Pacific is the "Empress Line." Saving 3 to 7 Days Ocean Travel.

12 Days YOKOHAMA to VANCOUVER. 21 Days HONGKONG to VANCOUVER.

PROPOSED SAILINGS. (Subject to Alteration).

R.M.S.	Tons	LEAVE HONGKONG	ARRIVE VANCOUVER
"EMPEROR OF INDIA"	6,000	WEDNESDAY, Feb. 7	Feb. 28
"TARTAR"	4,425	WEDNESDAY, Feb. 21	Mar. 17
"EMPEROR OF JAPAN"	6,000	WEDNESDAY, Mar. 7	Mar. 28
"EMPEROR OF CHINA"	6,000	WEDNESDAY, Mar. 28	Apr. 18
"ATHENIAN"	3,440	WEDNESDAY, April 11	May 5

THE Quickest route to CANADA, UNITED STATES and EUROPE, calling at SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI, (through the INLAND SEA OF JAPAN), KOBE, YOKOHAMA, VICTORIA, connecting at VAN COUVER with the COMPANY'S PALATIAL OVERLAND TRAINS FROM THE PACIFIC TO THE ATLANTIC WITHOUT CHANGE.

Hongkong to London, 1st Class.....via St. Lawrence £60. Via New York £62.
 Hongkong to London, Intermediate on.....£40.
 Steamers, and 1st Class Rail.....£40. " £42.

R.M.S. "TARTAR" and "ATHENIAN" carry "Intermediate" Passengers only at Intermediate rates, affording superior accommodation for that class.
 Passengers Booked through to all principal points and AROUND THE WORLD.
 SPECIAL RATES (First class only) granted to Missionaries, Members of the Naval, Military, Diplomatic and Civil Services, and to European Officials in the Service of China and Japan Governments.

For further information, Maps, Routes, Hand Books, Rates of Freight and Passage, apply to
 E. BROWN, General Agent,
 Hongkong, 24th January, 1906. Corner Pedder Street and Praya, opposite Blah Pter. [13]

HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE.

OSTASIATISCHER DIENST.

(Taking Cargo at through Rates to ANTWERP, AMSTERDAM, ROTTERDAM, COPENHAGEN, LISBON, OPORTO, LONDON, LIVERPOOL, GLASGOW, TRIESTE, GENOA, PORTS IN THE LEVANT, BLACK SEA and BALTIC PORTS: NORTH and SOUTH AMERICAN PORTS).

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG. SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

STEAMERS.	DESTINATIONS.	SAILING DATES.
ALESIA.....	(Calling at S'PORE, PENANG & COLOMBO).	30th Jan. Freight.
BRISGAVIA.....	HAVRE, BREMEN and HAMBURG.	4th Feb. Freight.
RHENANIA.....	(Calling at S'PORE, PENANG & COLOMBO).	10th Feb. Freight and Passengers.
SPEZIA.....	HAVRE and HAMBURG.	21st Feb. Freight.
SAMBIA.....	(Calling at S'PORE, PENANG & COLOMBO).	7th March Freight.
SCANDIA.....	HAVRE and HAMBURG.	21st March Freight and Passengers.
SILESIA.....	HAVRE and HAMBURG.	4th April Freight and Passengers.
SILVIA.....	FOR ODESSA (DIRECT).	About 1st February Freight.

* Special attention of intending Passengers is drawn to the splendid accommodation of this steamer. Saloon and cabins amply lighted throughout by Electricity.

Duly qualified Doctors are carried.

For further Particulars, apply to
 HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE,
 HONGKONG OFFICE,
 King's Buildings.
 Hongkong, 26th January, 1906. [15]

Mails.

IMPERIAL GERMAN MAIL LINES.

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD, BREMEN.

EUROPEAN LINE.

STEAM FOR
 SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, ADEN, SUET, PORT SAID, NAPLES, GENOA, ANTWERP, BREMEN/HAMBURG.
 PORTS IN THE LEVANT, BLACK SEA AND BALTIC PORTS.

ALSO
 LONDON, NEW YORK, BOSTON, BALTIMORE, NEW ORLEANS, GALVESTON, AND SOUTH AMERICAN PORTS.
 Steamers will call at GIBRALTAR and SOUTHAMPTON to land Passengers and Luggage.

* Cargo can be taken on through Bills of Lading for the Principal Places in Russia.

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.

(SUBJECT TO ALTERATION).

STEAMERS.	SAILING DATES.
ROON.....	WEDNESDAY, 31st January.
PREUSSER.....	WEDNESDAY, 14th February.
ZIETEN.....	WEDNESDAY, 28th February.
PRINZESS ALICE.....	WEDNESDAY, 14th March.
BAYERN.....	WEDNESDAY, 28th March.
PRINZ REGENT LUITPOLD.....	WEDNESDAY, 11th April.
PRINZ SIBEL FRIEDRICH.....	WEDNESDAY, 25th April.
SACHSEN.....	WEDNESDAY, 9th May.
PRINZ HEINRICH.....	WEDNESDAY, 23rd May.
ROON.....	WEDNESDAY, 6th June.
PREUSSER.....	WEDNESDAY, 20th June.
ZIETEN.....	WEDNESDAY, 4th July.
OLDENBURG.....	WEDNESDAY, 18th July.
BAYERN.....	WEDNESDAY, 1st August.

ON WEDNESDAY, the 31st day of January, 1906, at Noon, the Steamship ROON, Capt. G. Meiners, with MAILS, PASSENGERS, SPECIE and CARGO, will leave this Port as above, Calling at NAPLES and GENOA.

Shipping Orders will be granted till NOON, on MONDAY, the 29th instant, Cargo and Specie will be received at the Agency Office until 5 P.M., on TUESDAY, the 30th instant, and Parcels will be received at the Agency Office until NOON, on TUESDAY, the 30th instant. Contents of Packages are required. No Free Receipts will be signed for less than \$2.50 and Parcels should not exceed Two Cubic Feet in Measurement.

The Steamer has splendid Accommodation and carries a Doctor and Stewardesses. Linen can be washed on board.

JAPAN-CHINA-AUSTRALIA LINE, VIA NEW GUINEA.

STEAM FOR SIMPSONHAFEN, FRIEDRICH-WILHELMSHAFEN, HERBERT-SHOEHE, MATUPI, BRISBANE, SYDNEY AND MELBOURNE.

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.

(Subject to alteration).

STEAMERS.	TONS.	SAILING DATES.
PRINZ SIGISMUND.....	3,303	TUESDAY, 6th February.
WILLEHAD.....	4,763	TUESDAY, 6th March.
PRINZ WALDEMAR.....	3,327	TUESDAY, 3rd April.

ON TUESDAY, the 6th February, 1906, at Noon, the Steamship PRINZ SIGISMUND, Capt. B. Lenz, with Mails, Passengers and Cargo, will leave this Port as above. The steamer has splendid accommodation and carries a Doctor and a Stewardess. Linen can be washed on board.

SAILINGS OUTWARDS. EUROPEAN & AUSTRALIAN SERVICE. DIRECT FOR YOKOHAMA AND KOBE.

FOR STEAMERS ABOUT

SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA } ZIETEN.....	WEDNESDAY, 31st Jan.
SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA } PRINZESS ALICE.....	WEDNESDAY, 14th Feb.
YOKOHAMA & KOBE } WILLEHAD.....	TUESDAY, 13th Feb.

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD.

For further Particulars, apply to

MELCHERS & CO.,

AGENTS.

Hongkong, 22nd January, 1906.

WEST RIVER BRITISH STEAMSHIP CO.

HONGKONG-KONGMOON AND KAUKONG LINES.

S.S. "TAK HING."

SAILS every SUNDAY, TUESDAY, and THURSDAY, at 7 P.M., for the above Ports. THE ROUND TRIP OCCUPIES ONLY 36 HOURS.

HONGKONG-WUCHOW LINE.

S.S. "LINTAN" and S.S. "SAN-UI."

SAILING TWICE A WEEK. THE ROUND TRIP OCCUPIES 5 DAYS.

THE Steamers sail from HONGKONG to SAMSHUI, SHUIMING, TAKHING and WUCHOW. They pass through the Canton delta, and steam up about 150 miles through the gorges, and beautiful scenery of the West River.

Fare for the Round Trip.....\$30

These steamers have Excellent Saloon Accommodation, and are Lighted by Electricity. For further information, apply to—

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,

AGENTS.

WEST RIVER BRITISH S.S. CO.,

HONGKONG.

Hongkong, 13rd December, 1905.

COLD STORAGE.

THE HONGKONG ICE COMPANY, LTD.

LTD. have now 40,000 Cubic feet of

COLD STORAGE available at EAST POINT.

Stores will be Open at 10 A.M. and 4 P.M.

daily. Sunday excepted, to receive and deliver

perishable goods.

WM. PARLANE,

Manager.

Hongkong, 12nd June, 1905. [71]

A BROKEN-DOWN SYSTEM.

This is a condition (or disease) to which doctors

give many names, but which few of them really

understand. It is simply weakness—break-down, as

it were, of all the forces that sustain the system.

No matter what may be its cause (whether it be all

most numerous symptoms are much the same: the

more prominent being sleeplessness, sense of

prostration, nervous depression, irritability and

want of energy for all the ordinary affairs of life.

Now, what is it? It is a condition essential in all such

cases to a thorough cure.

VITAL STRENGTH & ENERGY

to throw off the morbid feelings, and experience

proofs that might be expected the day after the

more rapid recovery had proceeded in the case.

THERAPION No. 3

than by any other known combination. So surely

as it is taken in accordance with the printed

directions accompanying it, will the shattered

health be restored.

THE EXHAUSTED LAMP OF LIFE

and a new vitality imparted in place of what

had so lately seemed worn-out, faded, and

extinguished. The wonderful restorative it purvey

travelling and sedentary life, is agreeable to the taste

suitable for all constitutions and conditions, in

other cases it is difficult to imagine a case of

disease or debility, whose main features are

those of exhaustion, which is destined to cast into

oblivion everything that had preceded it, for this

widely-spread and most serious of human ailments.

THERAPION is sold by

Chemists throughout the world. Price in England

12 and 40. Patients should be told the word

"THERAPION" appears on British Government

Stamp (in which letters on a red ground) and

to every purchaser order of the Proprietors, Messrs.

Commissioners, and without which it is a forgery.

Sold by A. S. WATSON & Co., Ltd.,

Hongkong, China and Manila. [70]

HONGKONG HIGH-LEVEL TRAMWAYS COMPANY, LIMITED.

IN LIQUIDATION.

TIME TABLE.

WEEK DAYS.

7.00 a.m. to 7.30 a.m.	Every 30 minutes.
7.30 a.m. to 8.00 a.m.	Every 10 minutes.
8.00 a.m. to 8.30 a.m.	Every 15 minutes.
8.30 a.m. to 9.00 a.m.	Every 10 minutes.
9.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m.	Every 15 minutes.
11.00 a.m. to 12.45 p.m.	Every 15 minutes.
12.45 p.m. to 1.15 p.m.	Every 15 minutes.
1.15 p.m. to 1.45 p.m.	Every 15 minutes.
1.45 p.m. to 2.15 p.m.	Every 15 minutes.
2.15 p.m. to 3.00 p.m.	Every 15 minutes.
3.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m.	Every 15 minutes.
5.00 p.m. to 8.00 p.m.	Every 10 minutes.

NIGHT CARS.

8.45 p.m. and 9 p.m., 9.45 p.m. to 11.15 p.m.

SUNDAYS.

8.00 a.m. to 9.00 a.m.	Every 15 minutes.
9.00 a.m. to 9.30 a.m.	Every 30 minutes.
9.30 a.m. to 10.30 a.m.	Every 15 minutes.
10.30 a.m. to 11.00 a.m.	Every 10 minutes.
11.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.	Every 10 minutes.
1.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m.	Every 15 minutes.
5.00 p.m. to 6.00 p.m.	Every 10 minutes.
6.00 p.m. to 7.00 p.m.	Every 15 minutes.
7.00 p.m. to 8.00 p.m.	Every 10 minutes.

NIGHT CARS as on Week Days.

SATURDAYS.

Extra cars at 11.30 and 11.45 p.m.
 SPECIAL CARS by Arrangement at the
 Company's Office, ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS,
 Des Voeux Road Central.

JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & SON,

Liquidators.

Hongkong, 12th July, 1905. [67]

Intimations.

THE YOKOHAMA DOCK CO., LTD.

No. 1 DOCK.

Length inside, 514 ft. Width of
 entrance, top 95 ft.; bottom 75 ft.
 Water on blocks, 27.5 ft. Time to
 pump out, 4 hours.

No. 2 DOCK.

Length inside, 375 ft. Width of
 entrance, top 80.5 ft.; bottom 45.5
 ft. Water on blocks, 30.5 ft. Time
 to pump out, 2 hours.

THESE DOCKS are conveniently situated in Yokohama harbour and the attention of
 Captains and Engineers is respectfully called to the advantages offered for Dock-
 ing and repairing Vessels and Machinery of every description.

The plant and tools are of recent patterns for dealing quickly and cheaply with work,
 and a large stock of material is always at hand, (plates and angles all being tested by
 Lloyd's surveyors).

Two powerful Twin Screw Towboats are available for taking Vessels in or out of
 Dock, and for taking Sailing Vessels in or out of the bay. The floating derrick is capable
 of lifting 35 tons.

Steam Launches of Steel or Wood, Lighters, Steel Buildings and Roofs, Bridge
 Work, and all kinds of Machinery are made on the premises.

Tenders will be made up when required and the workmanship and material will be
 guaranteed.

The cost of Docking, and repair work, will be found to compare favourably with that
 of any port in the world.

Telephone: Nos. 376, 508, or 681.

Telegrams, "Dock, Yokohama," Codes A. B. C. 4th and 5th Ed.

Liebers, Sootta, A. 1, and Watkins.

Yokohama, May 23rd, 1905.

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PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

Homeward Passenger Season, 1906.

PROPOSED SAILINGS OF MAIL STEAMERS

FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON.

TAKING PASSENGERS ALSO FOR

COLOMBO, INDIA, AUSTRALASIA, EGYPT, BRINDISI, &c.

THROUGH TICKETS ISSUED TO NEW YORK.

Steamers	Leave	Connecting Steamers from	Due at	Due at
to	HONGKONG.	COLOMBO	MARSEILLES & LONDON, 2 days earlier, 1 day later.	MARSEILLES & LONDON, 2 days earlier, 1 day later.
COLOMBO.				

Tons.	Noon, Saturday.	Tons.	Saturday.	Friday.
ARCADIA.....	7,000... Feb. 10...	BRITANNIA.....	7,000... Mar. 10...	Mar. 16
DELHI.....	8,000... Feb. 24...	MOLDAVIA.....	10,000... Mar. 24...	Mar. 30
DONGOLA.....	8,000... Mar. 10...	MONGOLIA.....	10,000... April 7...	April 13
DELTA.....	8,000... Mar. 24...	MOOLTAN.....	10,000... April 21...	April 27
OCEANA.....	7,000... April 7...	MARMORA.....	10,000... May 5...	May 11

ARCADIA.....	7,000... April 21...	VICTORIA.....	7,000... May 20...	May 26
DEVANHA.....	8,000... May 5...	HIMALAYA.....	7,000... June 3...	June 9
DELHI.....	8,000... May 19...	INDIA.....	8,000... June 17...	June 23

Passengers change steamers at Colombo, and those for Brindisi transfer also to the

Express Mail Steamer at Port Said.

Accommodation in the connecting steamer from Colombo is arranged in Hongkong at

time of booking. In addition to the above Mail steamers the following

Intimations.

POWELL'S

Alexandra Buildings.

FIRST-CLASS

DRESS-MAKING

by

EXPERIENCED FITTERS.

BEST WORK
ONLY.

**CUT, STYLE AND
FIT**

GUARANTEED.

Moderate Charges.

**NEW DRESS
FABRICS**

for
Morning, Afternoon,
and
Evening Gowns.

All Wool Armures
\$1.25 per yard.

Eolienmes and Voiles
\$1.50 to \$3.00 per yard.

Mohairs and Lustres
\$1.50 to \$2.50 per yard.

Taffeta Beiges
\$1.00 per yard.

Velours Chiffon Voiles
\$1.75 per yard.

Voile a Jour
\$1.25 per yard.

Silk Warp Mohairs
from \$2.00 per yard.

ALL THE LATEST
PRODUCTIONS.

**WM. POWELL,
LIMITED.**

"Alexandra
Buildings,"

Hongkong, 16th January, 1906.

Intimations.

THE WEST POINT BUILDING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the EIGHTEENTH ORDINARY MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS in this Company will be held at the Company's Office, Victoria Buildings, on THURSDAY, the 1st February, 1906, at 11.30 o'clock A.M., for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors together with Statement of Accounts for the year ending 31st December, 1905.

The REGISTER OF SHARES of the Company will be CLOSED on SATURDAY, the 20th January, to THURSDAY, the 1st February (both days inclusive), during which period no Transfer of Shares can be registered. By Order of the Board of Directors, A. SHELTON HOOPER, Secretary to the Hongkong Land Investment and Agency Co., Ltd., General Agents for the West Point Building Co., Ltd., Hongkong, 10th January, 1906. [108]

THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT AND AGENCY COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the SEVENTEENTH ORDINARY MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS in this Company will be held at the Company's Office, Victoria Buildings, on THURSDAY, the 1st February, 1906, at 12 o'clock Noon, for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors together with Statement of Accounts for the year ending 31st December, 1905.

The REGISTER OF SHARES of the Company will be CLOSED from SATURDAY, the 20th January, to THURSDAY, the 1st February (both days inclusive), during which period no Transfer of Shares can be registered. By Order of the Board of Directors, A. SHELTON HOOPER, Secretary, Hongkong, 10th January, 1906. [109]

THE KOWLOON LAND AND BUILDING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the SEVENTEENTH ORDINARY MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS in this Company will be held at the Company's Office, Victoria Buildings, on TUESDAY, the 6th February, 1906, at 12 o'clock (Noon), for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors together with Statement of Accounts for the year ending 31st December, 1905.

The REGISTER OF SHARES of the Company will be CLOSED from MONDAY, the 29th January, to THURSDAY, the 6th February (both days inclusive), during which period no Transfer of Shares can be registered.

By Order of the Board of Directors, A. SHELTON HOOPER, Secretary to the Hongkong Land Investment & Agency Co., Ltd., Agents for the Kowloon Land & Building Co., Ltd., Hongkong, 18th January, 1906. [139]

THE HONGKONG CANTON AND MACAO STEAMBOAT COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE SEVENTY-NINTH ORDINARY HALF-YEARLY MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS in the Company will be held at the Office of the Company, Hotel Mansions, on THURSDAY, the 15th February, at 11 A.M., for the purpose of receiving a Report of the Directors together with a Statement of Accounts, declaring a Dividend, confirming the appointment of Directors and electing Auditors.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 2nd to the 15th February, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors, T. ARNOLD, Secretary, Hongkong, 24th January, 1906. [135]

CHINA TRADERS' INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that an EXTRA-ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the China Traders' Insurance Company, Limited, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company at Queen's Buildings, Victoria, in the Colony of Hongkong, on FRIDAY, the Sixteenth day of February, 1906, at 12 Noon, for the purpose of considering and if thought fit passing the subjoined special Resolutions. Should the said Resolutions be passed by the required majority, they will be submitted for confirmation as Special Resolutions to a Second Extraordinary General Meeting which will be subsequently convened.

Dated the 25th day of January, 1906.

By Order of the Board, JAMES WHITTALL, Secretary.

RESOLUTIONS.

1.—That the Articles of Association of the Company be altered in the following manner:—

The following Article shall be substituted for Article 130, namely:—130. The Board, through its Secretary, shall make Yearly Statements of the Accounts of the Company from the 1st day of January to the 31st day of December, in each and every year, which shall be duly audited and presented to the Shareholders, at each of the Ordinary Meetings of the Company, together with a Report on the general position of the Company.

2.—That the Board, through its Secretary, shall make a Statement of the Accounts of the Company as from the 1st day of May, 1905, to the 31st day of December, 1905, which shall be duly audited and presented to the Shareholders at the next Ordinary Meeting of the Company to be held during 1906 and that, inasmuch as the Accounts of the Company have already been audited and presented to the Shareholders to the 30th April, 1905, no further or other Statements of the Accounts of the Company for the year 1905 shall be called for or presented to the Shareholders in respect of Article 130 as this day substituted. [163]

GREEN ISLAND CEMENT COMPANY, LIMITED.

PORTLAND CEMENT.

In Casks of 375 lbs. net \$4.75 per Cask ex Factory.

In Bags of 250 lbs. net \$2.80 per Bag ex Factory.

SHEWAN, TOMES & Co., General Managers, Hongkong, 30th September, 1905. [137]

MY TRUTH.

BY EDWIN LATHAM QUARLES.

God's truth is in the mystery of things, And power is in the frailties He has wrought: So feeling hearts have songs of noblest thought: When gentle touches come upon the strings. The purple hour of vesper-worship brings Soul-flights less high than flowering meads have brought; And in the world no suppler one has taught What hearts may learn from bird's low carollings. God lives in all fairness He has made, And holy are the frailties of His hand; And I am wise when I have full obeyed The promptings I can little understand; And I am strong when I have wept and prayed And loved the weakness of a woman's hand. In Smart Sat.

RETURN OF GENERAL NOGI.

TRIUMPHAL ENTRY INTO THE CAPITAL.

The following is taken from the *Japan Chronicle* of 17th Jan.:

In striking contrast to the pitiless down-pour which characterised the homecoming of Marshal Oyama, the weather in Tokyo on Sunday morning was ideal, and General Nogi, the gallant hero of Port Arthur, entered Tokyo in brilliant sunshine, the crisp frosty air giving an invigorating fillip to the general enthusiasm. All the streets were decked with lanterns and bunting and the people flocked to the vicinity of Shimbashi Station in thousands, many waiting for several hours in order to make sure of seeing the returning General. On the platforms it is estimated that 5,000 people assembled. They included Marshal Oyama, Generals Oku, Oshima, Soga, Asada, Yabuki, and Iseji, Prince Tokugawa, Viscount Aoki, Admirals Togo and Dewa, and other naval and military officers. Ministers of State, members of the Diet, representatives of the Princes of the Blood, and the members of the various patriotic societies. There were a few foreigners at the station, and prominent among them Sir Claude MacDonald, the British Ambassador.

At 10.30 a.m. the firing of bombs from various parts of the city signalled the approach of General Nogi's train, and ten minutes later the hero of the hour was among his brother generals, receiving their congratulations. Immediately on alighting Mr. Sirai, the Court Chamberlain, and Major Kuronida, representing the Emperor and Crown Prince respectively, advanced and delivered the Imperial message of greeting, the military band, which was stationed on the gaily decorated platform, playing the air "Triumph" the while. The scene was a dazzling one as the general and his Staff, numbering 45 in all, passed through the throng, and a "Banzai" louder than all went up when the Marchioness Nabeshima presented to General Nogi, on behalf of the Voluntary Nurses' Association, a beautiful bouquet.

A carriage, sent from the Palace, was in waiting outside the station, and the enthusiasm as the General proceeded through the streets was unparalleled, the demonstration being regarded as even more imposing than was the reception accorded Admiral Togo. A squadron of cavalry comprised the guard of honour, and outside the House of Representatives the First Division of Infantry was drawn up. Mounted police and soldiers lined the principal points on the line of route but the crowds were perfectly orderly and required no regulating. During the progress of the General and his Staff through the metropolis salutes were fired and a display of daylight fireworks was carried out in Hibiya Park.

General Nogi and Staff were duly received in audience by the Emperor, and after the General had submitted his report his Majesty thanked and congratulated him on the magnificent service he had rendered his country. The Emperor also presented the General with some valuable gifts.

Subsequently General Nogi took tiffin with General Terauchi and Marshal Oyama at the General Staff Headquarters. After tiffin the General drove to the Aoyama Detached Palace where he was received in audience by the Crown Prince. General Nogi called on all the Princes of the Blood during the afternoon.

Nothing has made a greater impression on the public mind than the modesty of General Nogi, and the genuine affection in which the venerable soldier is held was given ample expression to in his triumphal entry into Tokyo on Sunday.

Intimations.



Regd Brand

HARRIS, CALVEWILTS-England.

REPRESENTATIVES FOR HONGKONG & CHINA, HOWARD & Co., 50, Queen's Road Central, Hongkong.

Hongkong, 19th May, 1905. [63]

NOTICE.

THE Public are hereby informed that no change has been made in the Rates of Subscription to the *Hongkong Telegraph* and they are warned against paying more than TEN CENTS (10 cts.) per Single Copy.

THE MANAGER, *Hongkong Telegraph Co., Ltd.*, Hongkong, 30th September, 1905.

Intimations.

THE TRUTH ALWAYS.

"When you are in doubt tell the truth." It was an experienced old diplomat who said this to a beginner in the work. It may pass in some things, but not in business. Fraud and deception are often profitable so long as concealed; yet detection is certain sooner or later; then comes the smash-up and the punishment. The best and safest way is to tell the truth all the time. Thus you make friends that stick by you, and a reputation that is always worth twenty shillings to the pound everywhere your goods are offered for sale. We are able modestly to affirm that it is on this basis that the world-wide popularity of

WAMPOL'S PREPARATION rests. The people have discovered that this medicine is exactly what it is said to be, and that it does what we have always declared it will do. Its nature also has been frankly made known. It is palatable as honey and contains all the nutritive and curative properties of Pure Cod Liver Oil, extracted by us from fresh cod livers, combined with the Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites and the Extracts of Malt and Wild Cherry. A combination of supreme excellence and medicinal merit. Nothing has been so successful in Anemia, Scrofula, Bronchitis, Influenza, Loss of Flesh, and Wasting Diseases, Weakness and Low Nervous Tone, and all complaints caused by Impure Blood. Dr. Austin D. Irvine, of Canada, says: "I have used it in cases where cod liver oil was indicated but could not be taken by the patient, and the results following were very gratifying." It is effective from the first dose and agrees with the most sensitive and nervous stomachs. It cannot deceive or disappoint you, and comes to the rescue of those who have received no benefit from any other treatment. It stands for the medicinal triumphs of the age. "Watch carefully against imitations." Sold by chemists throughout the world.

A. CHAZALON & CO.

6, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

NOTED for their WINES, SPIRITS and PROVISIONS of which they have always a large assortment in stock.

The oldest established EUROPEAN BAKERS in the Colony.

Hongkong, 30th September, 1905. [61]

Notice of Firm.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

DURING my temporary absence from the Colony, Mr. B. MORI will take charge of this Office.

A. S. MIHARA, Manager.

Hongkong, 24th January, 1906. [157]

Insurance.

NORTH GERMAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF HAMBURG.

THE Undersigned AGENTS of the above Company are prepared to accept First Class FOREIGN and CHINESE RISKS at CURRENT RATES.

SIEMSEN & Co.

Hongkong 28th May, 1905. [158]

Auctions.



PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions from the Hon. the Director of Public Works, to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION,

ON TUESDAY,

the 30th January, 1906, at 11 A.M., at the Government Stores, Wanchai, SUNDRY CONDEMNED AND OBSOLETE STORES,

Comprising:—A large quantity of COLOURED PAINTS, BRASS TAPS, TILES, IRON STOVES and GRATINGS, FENDERS, OLD IRON, &c., &c., &c.

TERMS:—As usual. HUGHES & HOUGH, Government Auctioneers, Hongkong, 24th January, 1906. [156]

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions from the Hon. the Director of Public Works, to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION,

ON WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY,

the 7th and 8th February, 1906, commencing each day at 2.30 P.M. sharp, at "St. Andrews," Barker Road, The Peak, THE WHOLE OF THE VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, THEREIN CONTAINED,

Comprising:—MAPLES and MARINBURK'S MANUFACTURES, BECHSTEIN PIANO, BEDS, CURTAINS, CUTLERY, ELECTRO-PLATE, Small quantity of HOUSE and TABLE LINEN, CARPETS, 2 MOSQUITO HOUSE FRAMES, GAS FITTINGS, CHAIRS, INTRICSHAN CAMERA, COMPLETE TELESCOPE ON STAND, GARDEN HOSE and ROLLER, GARDEN SEATS, CROQUET and BOWLS (new), FOWLS, and large Assortment of PALMS, FERNS, ORCHIDS, and other PLANTS. The downstairs Furniture and part of the Plants will be sold on Wednesday and the Bedroom Furniture and remainder of the Plants on Thursday.

On view—Monday and Tuesday, the 7th and 8th February.

Catalogues will be issued. TERMS:—As usual. For further particulars, apply to—

HUGHES & HOUGH, Auctioneers, Hongkong, 24th January, 1906. [160]

To Let.

TO LET.

TWO GODOWNS at East Point, close to the Water, suitable for the storage of any Cargo.

Floor Area 6,100 square feet each.

Apply to—

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.

Hongkong, 20th January, 1906. [147]

TO LET AT THE PEAK.

POSSESSION 1ST MAY, 1906.

"DUNFORD," a Five-roomed Bungalow, Tennis Court.

Apply to—

C. W. RICHARDS.

Hongkong, 17th January, 1906. [153]

TO LET.

NO. 5, SEYMOUR TERRACE, Five-roomed House and Garden. Furnished or unfurnished. From 1st April or earlier. Moderate rental.

Apply to—

THE HOUSE.

Hongkong, 23rd January, 1906. [151]

TO LET.

NO. 15, KNUTSFORD TERRACE, KOWLOON.

Apply to—

THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY CO., LD.

Hongkong, 30th December, 1905. [74]

TO LET.

GODOWN No. 3, NEW PRAYA, Kennedy Town.

Apply to—

THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY CO., LD.

Hongkong, 27th June, 1905. [73]

TO LET.

A BUILDING at CAUSEWAY BAY, formerly in occupation of the Steam Laundry Co., Ltd.

No. 17, WONG-NEI-CHONG ROAD.

No. 5, CLIFTON GARDENS, Conduit Road.

No. 6, CLIFTON GARDENS.

No. 1, RIFON TERRACE.

FLATS in MORRISON TERRACE, factor, Polo Ground.

OFFICES in course of erection, COMMAHOUT ROAD (near BARKER PIER).

GODOWNS: PRAYA EAST.

Apply to—

THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY CO., LD.

Hongkong, 12th January, 1906. [72]

Hotels.

OCCIDENTAL HOTEL.

EXCELLENT CUISINE.

MODERATE PRICES.

ELECTRIC FANS

TO ORDER IN

EVERY ROOM.

EUROPEAN MANAGEMENT.

ELGIN ROAD, KOWLOON.

Hongkong, 10th May, 1904. [129]

ORIENTAL HOTEL, MACAO.

A FIRST CLASS HOTEL situated in the Centre of Praya Grande with splendid view of the Harbour.

LARGE AND LOFTY ROOMS,

Elegantly Furnished.

EXCELLENT CUISINE.

WINE, AND SPIRITS of the best quality.

BILLIARD TABLE, the best in the Far East.

EVERY COMFORT FOR RESIDENTS AND TOURISTS.

For Terms, &c., apply to—

THE MANAGER.

Macao, 16th October, 1905. [129]

KING EDWARD HOTEL.

A HIGH-CLASS PRIVATE HOTEL.

LADIES' AFTERNOON TEA-ROOMS.

PRIVATE BAR and BILLIARD-ROOMS.

HOT and COLD WATER throughout.

ELECTRICALLY LIGHTED. ELECTRIC FANS (if required).

ELECTRIC PASSENGER ELEVATOR to each floor.

TABLE D'HOTE at separate tables.

For Terms, &c., apply to—

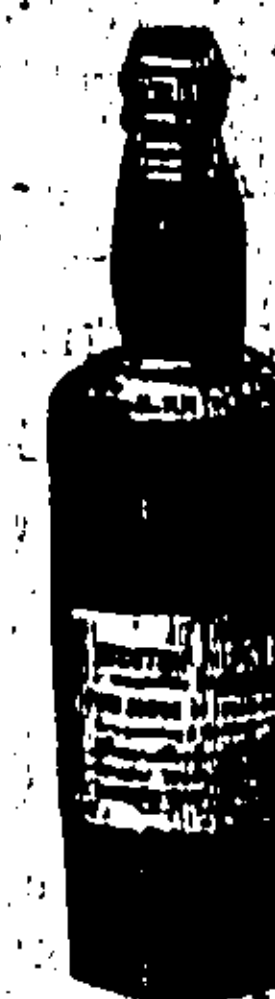
THE MANAGER.

Hongkong, 4th December, 1905. [129]

Intimations.



THE POPULAR SCOTCH IS BLACK & WHITE



JAMES BUCHANAN & CO.

SCOTCH WHISKY DISTILLERS.

By Appointment to

H.M. THE KING

and

HER MAJESTY THE PRINCESS OF WALES

Supplied at all the LEADING CLUBS and HOTELS, and to be obtained from the principal Stores. [52]

TUBORG BEER.

A FIRST CLASS PILSENER BEER guaranteed free from Salicylic Acid, and any other Chemicals.

PRICE \$10.50 per case of 48 bottles (quarts) or 6 doz. pints.

Special Prices for Quantities.

Sole Agents—

SIEMSEN & Co.

Hongkong, 10th January, 1905. [62]

THE WINE GROWERS

SUPPLY CO.



BARRETTO & Co.,

General Agents, Hongkong.

COGNACS.

L. ROZET & CO, BORDEAUX.

Special Brands.

Cognac, * * * \$15.00 Per Dozen Case

Intimations.



A. S. WATSON & CO.,
LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1841.

CHEMISTS, BY APPOINTMENT TO
HIS EXCELLENCY THE
GOVERNOR.

THE

HONGKONG DISPENSARY

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

IN ADDITION TO THE
5 PER CENT. DISCOUNT
ALREADY ADVERTISED.

FURTHER

REDUCTIONS

Have been made from this date IN THE
PRICES of many of the following:—

PATENT MEDICINES,
INFANTS' FOODS,
SOAPS,
PERFUMES.

WE MAINTAIN THE LARGEST
AND MOST COMPLETE STOCKS of
these GOODS in the Colony, and our
Stocks being frequently turned over, ensures
all Goods being FRESH and in the BEST
CONDITION.

A. S. WATSON & CO.,
LIMITED.

CHEMISTS, DRUGGISTS, PERFUMERS,
ETC., ETC., ETC.
ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS.
Hongkong, 20th January, 1906.

GREGOR & CO.,

10, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

ITALIAN WINES

ASTI, MOSCATO,

BAROLO & BARBERA

FROM

G. LENTI,

ALESSANDRIA, PIEDMONT.

ALSO

TABLE CLARET IN CASKS.

Hongkong, 13th July, 1905.

[36-10]

NOTICE.
All communications intended for publication in
"THE HONGKONG TELEGRAPH" should be
addressed to The Editor, 1, Ice House Road, and
should be accompanied by the Writer's Name and
Address.
Ordinary business communications should be addressed
to the Manager.
The Editor will not undertake to be responsible for
any rejected MS., nor to return any Contribution.
SUBSCRIPTION RATES (IN ADVANCE).
Daily—\$30 per annum.
Weekly—\$18 per annum.
The rate per quarter and per annum, proportional.
The daily issue is delivered free when the address is
accessible to messenger. On copy sent by post an
additional \$1.00 per quarter is charged for postage.
The postage on the weekly issue to any part of the
world is 30 cents per quarter.
Single Copies. Daily, ten cents; Weekly, twenty-
five cents.

The Hongkong Telegraph

HONGKONG, SATURDAY, JANUARY 27, 1906.

THE BISHOP ELOQUENT.

If the Bishop of Hongkong reserved for his diocese some of those highly entertaining and useful comments on Chinese life and characteristics with which he regales English audiences, it is certain that there would never be any lack of interest in his discourses. The exhilarating air of England rejuvenates the Bishop, with the natural result that there is what may be described as a stately and dignified abandon in his remarks to home audiences. It should be remembered that the good people of England, who have never left their homes and whose wildest enjoyment has been a trip to Blackpool, have curious and amazing conceptions of the Far East and of the Chinese. It has been dinned into their ears since they first took an interest in missionary affairs that the Chinese are an immoral, treacherous, thankless and inferior race. Anything may be expected of such people; they cannot be painted too black. Of recent years, the "yellow peril" fetiche has been raised, and the Bishop of Hongkong, being up-to-date and a student of Chinese matters, made that the subject of a few observations delivered before a select audience or congregation which attended a midday service in the middle of the week at St. Michael's, Cornhill. The right reverend Gentleman began by an allusion to the recent riots in Shanghai, and he declared that he was no believer in the "yellow peril." Unfortunately, he added that he meant the "yellow peril" in the ordinary acceptance of the word, because he did believe, and strongly believed, in the Chinese moral, social and commercial "peril" which might disturb the peace of the world. What all that means we are at a loss to understand. Taking the "ordinary acceptance of the word" to mean the over-running of Europe by the yellow race, how are the Chinese to inflict their moral and social conditions on European nations if they remain at home? As for their commercial dealings, no foreigner in the East will be found to say a derogatory word against the Chinese merchants. They are as straightforward, keen and enterprising as their British and American competitors; they hold by a bargain and suffer loss rather than repudiate an undertaking. That is common knowledge, and need not be emphasised. Surely, the Chinese men of business are not to be calumniated or described as "yellow perils," because they happen to be as astute as their rivals. Evidently the Bishop of Hongkong is uneasy because the Chinese are not so inert as might be desired; they refuse to remain helots. A Chinese coolie to-day is the millionaire of to-morrow; Hongkong and the Straits, particularly the latter, are full of men who have become wealthy entirely owing to their own frugality and exertion. And the British Government delights to honour these men; and seeks their advice on every possible occasion. The Bishop of Hongkong is, however, not quite happy at the trend of affairs. China is awakening; she is beginning to claim what the Bishop speaks of as "rights" that were now demanded by foreign nations of her. The thing is preposterous. Occasionally the Bishop is strangely epigrammatic. He told the London week-day worshippers that: "Much as he loved the Chinese, he thought that a rush abroad of a large number of them to Australia and Canada would be bad for those countries, as the emigrants would take with them their un-Christian habits. If, however, China became Christianised, such an emigration need not be feared. They would take good habits with them; as they were a frugal and industrious people." Would the Nonconformists be entirely satisfied with a Chinese invasion of South Africa, provided the Chinese entering were all converted Christians? The more one reads the Bishop's address and attempts to arrive at his thought, the more obscure does everything become. The inference is, we presume, that the Chinese would spread immorality and new social conditions if they were admitted to countries now barred against them, but who will contend that the Chinese have less morality than the European nations? Thift and industry, their natural habits, should pardon a host of minor social

offences—whatever these may be—and the Bishop gives no inkling of them. The fact is that until Europeans—those who know the Far East only from evangelical reports and tourists' stories—treat the Chinese as shrewd, discerning, capable and enterprising people, instead of as curiosities and interlopers, they will never make any headway. Much manlier is the spirit in which Bishop Thorburn of New York regards the Chinese. At a meeting in that city recently he observed: "If there is anything, in which the American people are foolish, it is their fear of the incoming Chinese. You can handle them a great deal more easily than has been supposed. The Chinese are not coming to this country in such quantities as you suppose. There are many countries more hospitable to them than the United States; and all the rest of the world, except America and Australia, receive the Chinese as Christian people ought to receive strangers; but the Americans, unlike us Orientals, do not wish to see the 'nigger' and the Chinaman alongside of the people of their own race; and they show thereby only their want of manly courage and Christian love." The American Bishop states facts, but the Bishop of Hongkong advances theories to audiences incapable of sifting the grain. It is a pity his lordship does not entertain the people of his own diocese with his acute observations.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

THE total amount raised by subscriptions from foreigners in Japan towards the Famine Relief Fund, up to the 14th inst., was yen 1,135.38.

A BERLIN telegram of the 11th inst. states that the German Asiatic Bank is making arrangements to establish branches at Singapore and Kobe.

Messrs. Erich Georg & Co. hear that a dividend of one dollar per share is going to be declared by the Hongkong, Canton, & Macao Steamship Co., Ltd.

THE following telegram has been received from the Government of Burma dated the 26th inst.:—"Notification declaring Hongkong infected has been withdrawn and will not issue."

AN assistant from Messrs. Meyer & Company charged two coolies before Mr. F. A. Hazell this morning for being in the servant's quarters of his house without permission. They were fined \$5 each.

VICEROY CHOW, of Liangkang, has decided to build three shallow-draught gun-boats for service on the Yangtze, and has placed an order for the vessels with the Kawasaki Dockyard of Kobe. They are to be completed in a year.

A REGULAR Russian steamship service has been opened between Vladivostok and Shanghai via Nagasaki. The first steamer on the service is the *Monogella*, from Vladivostok, which left Nagasaki on the 8th inst. for Shanghai.

IT is stated that the training-ships *Matsumoto*, *Ushidate* and *Iwakura* arrived at Yokohama on the 9th, after having cruised round Kyushu and Shikoku. The vessels are to make preparations at Yokohama for a voyage to Australia. It appears that the proposed visit of the training squadron to England has been abandoned.

THE State Department at Washington has just determined to enforce the rule that no consular officer shall be appointed unless he can pass an examination in the language of the country to which he may be sent. If that rule applies to officials appointed to Siam, China, Korea and a few other places in this part of the world it will be interesting to see how many candidates offer themselves for examination.

THE following programme of music will be performed by the band of the 19th Infantry on the New Parade Ground, on Monday next, the 29th inst., from 4 to 5.30 p.m.

March "The Left Right".....Hume.
Overture "The Devil".....Auber.
Waltz "The Silver Years".....Liddell.
Selection "Geha".....Jones.
Pav. "The Girl".....Appia.
Polka "The Jolly Blacksmith".....Buckley.
God save the King.

UNDER the Merchant Shipping Act, at Gateshead, Mr. Havelock Wilson, Liberal and Labour candidate for Middlesbrough, was charged with having persuaded Chinese seamen to leave a vessel in the Tyne. The Chinese, it was stated, deserted but were charged at the police-court, and ordered to return to their vessel. Mr. Wilson and an interpreter then went to the ship, and the seamen became disaffected. Some of them swam ashore, and one was drowned in making the attempt. The Magistrate discharged the defendant, on the ground that the Chinese were not working at the time he visited the vessel it could not be held that he had induced them to stop working.

IT was a great shock to his many friends in the Colony, when it was learned that Mr. George A. Chalmers, sub-accountant of the Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, had met his death in a sudden and tragic manner owing to a fall on Thursday night. The deceased, it appears, when about to descend the ladder leading from his residence to the servants' quarters, missed his footing in the dark, and was pitched headlong down the steep and narrow steps, sustaining, among other injuries, a fractured skull, to which he succumbed a few hours later at the Government Civil Hospital, whither he had been removed by his messmates as soon as the accident had been discovered. The deceased, who was only temporarily appointed to this Colony's branch of the Bank, from Japan, was about to proceed to Scotland to join his two sisters, and the greatest sympathy is felt for them in their sudden and sad loss.

JOCK TOPICS.

There was a big concourse of people on the paddock this morning, including His Excellency the Governor and two A.D.C.'s. The weather was fine—hardly a breath of wind in the air—and it proved just the day for galloping.

All the ponies in training used the outside course.

It is possible that there may be some errors in the times recorded, and if these should be detected they may be attributed to the rush of the ponies running together.

"Dark Worm" has special "times" of his own, I understand, but he refused to disclose them to anybody.

I append the "times" taken at the course.

Fortune Rose, the persistent gate charger, opened the ball in the dark, with La France Rose as his "amah," 1 1/4 m., 1 3/4, 1.10, 1.47, 2.20.

Saxonia, 1 m., (Gegg up), 40, 1.16, 1.50.

Forward, 1 m., 39, 1.17, 1.54, 2.39.

Heather King, 1 m., 33 3/5, 1.11 2/5, 1.48, 2.19 2/5.

Emerald King, 1 m., 43, 1.22, 2.01, 2.39, 3.14, 3.46 1/5.

Sycee King, 1 m., 37, 1.14 2/5, 1.55 2/5, 2.20 3/5, 3.02.

Exchange King, 1 m., last 1 m., 1.08 1/5; reported time 3.09.

Cardas, 1 m., 43 3/5, 1.22 3/5, 2.00, 2.37 2/5, 3.11 1/5, 3.42 2/5.

Beancake, 1 m., 39, 1.15, 1.47, 2.24, 3.01 2/5, 3.35 2/5.

Lucky Chief and Arab Chief, 1 m., 36, 1.10, 1.46 2/5, 2.23, 2.55 1/5.

Korean Chief and Mongolian Chief, 1 m., 39, 1.12 2/5, 1.47 2/5, 2.22, 2.59, 3.34 4/5.

Glorious Rose, 1 m., 35, 1.12 3/5, 1.48 2/5, 2.20 4/5.

Triumph-Rose, 1 m., 42, 1.19, 1.57, 2.37, 3.13 4/5, 3.44.

Himalaya Rose, 1 m., 38, 1.15, 1.52, 2.25, 3.02 1/5, 3.33 1/5.

Spotted Rose and Black Cherry (or Rambler Rose), 1 m., 39 1/5, 1.16 2/5, 1.55 2/5, 2.31, 3.04, 3.37.

Zansibar, 1 m., 37, 1.13, 1.48, 2.24, 3.00, 3.34 2/5.

Old Boy, 1 m., time missed, reported 3.35.

The Quail, 1 m., 33 2/5, 1.07 2/5, 1.42, 2.18, 2.53, 3.28 1/5.

Rosher, 1 m., joined by [Brookville], 1 m., 38 2/5, 1.13, 1.48 2/5, 2.23, 2.59, 3.34 4/5.

New Boy and Mikosh, 1 m., 33 4/5, 1.10, 1.46, 2.21, 2.55 3/5, 3.31, 4.01, New Boy, a fine performance.

Wakely, 1 m., 34 4/5, 1.10, 1.43 3/5.

Eagle, Zapater and Merry Monarch, 1 m., 39 2/5, 1.17, 1.55, 2.31 4/5, 3.05.

Red Herring, Spring Chicken and Gaberlunzie, 1 m., 33, 1.10 3/5, 1.50, 2.26 2/5, 3.00 3/5; finished according to the order named.

Nugget, Ingot, and Sirocco, 1 m., 32 3/5, 1.05 3/5, 1.41 1/5.

H. E. the Governor's Shimeolite, 1 m., 37, 1.11 2/5, 1.46 2/5, 2.22 3/5, 2.58 2/5.

H. E. the Governor's Aconite, accompanied by a sub., 1 m., 35, 1.09, 1.42 2/5.

Cap. A. Leslie-Lydlite, time missed.

Coronet Rose, 1 m., 37, 1.13, 1.48, 2.24, 3.00, 3.34 2/5.

Suprise Rose, 1 m., 44, 1.22 2/5, 1.57, 2.35, 3.10, 3.41 2/5.

Copper King and Highland Chief, 3 furlongs, last quarter 30 2/5.

Halcyon Days and Velocity, 1 m., 36, 1.12 3/5, 1.47 2/5.

The Skirl, 1 m., 37 4/5, 1.08 2/5, 1.41 1/5.

Common Rose and Sonenoid, 1 m., 34, 1.07 4/5, 1.43 2/5, 2.21.

Jovial Monk, 1 m., 33 2/5, 1.05 2/5.

Rabbit, 1 m., 37, 1.15, 1.48, 2.24, 3.00, 3.34 2/5.

Pathfinder, 1 m., 35, 1.02, 1.42.

Fredricks, 1 m., 37, 1.13 2/5, 1.49, 2.21 4/5.

Blue Nile, 1 m., low canter, 37 1/2, 1.08.

Norman King, last quarter 32.

Droghda, 1 m., Donnybrook, 1 m., last m., 32 3/5, 1.08, 1.45, 2.21 2/5; finished strong.

Gold King, 1 m., joined by a bay King 1 m., Gold King 44, 1.28, 2.03 2/5, 2.43 3/5, 3.20, 3.51.

White Blaze, 1 m., 37, 1.13 4/5, 1.47.

Balcanic Star, 1 m., 37, 1.14, 1.49.

Highland Star, 1 m., 37, 1.14, 1.49.

Sundial and Rising Sun, 1 m., 39, 1.15 3/5, 1.52 2/5, 2.27 2/5, 3.02 3/5, 3.37 2/5.

Diadem, 1 m., 39, 1.15, 1.50, 2.25 3/5, 3.01 2/5.

Speculation (Gegg up), 1 m., 38 2/5, 1.15 1/5, 1.51, 2.25 2/5.

Rover, 1 m., 38, 1.13 2/5, 1.49, 2.22.

Very sorry to have missed Wingard's Kamloops.

EARLY BIRD.

The usual Saturday "pows" were held this morning and a good attendance—including a few "strangers"—gathered round the rails.

The morning was fine, with a slight breeze blowing. The course was fast and some of the times recorded show good work.

Many were of opinion that the best gallop was done by the Baluchis sub.

I append the times taken:—

The Peacemaker and La France Rose, last mile 35, 1.12, 1.48, 2.21.

Ca-Canny, one mile, 40, 1.19, 1.56, 2.28.

Heather King, one mile, 35, 1.15, 1.49, 2.20.

Cardas, one mile, 38, 1.16, 1.49, 2.20.

Mr. T. Christian's sub., last three quarters of a mile gallop, 37, 1.12, 1.44.

Mr. H. J. Craig's Rosher, mile and a half, 39, 1.13, 1.49, 2.25, 2.59, 3.55.

Diamond King, one mile and a quarter, 35, 1.05, 1.43, 2.20, 2.56.

Spotted Rose, last half mile, 1.06.

White Blaze, one mile, 41, 1.17, 1.54, 2.27.

Gold King, one mile and a half, 40, 1.20, 2.05, 2.45, 3.22, 3.55.

Mr. G. C. Mason's Speculation, one mile canter, 38, 1.15, 1.50, 2.25.

Diadem, one and a quarter mile, 40, 1.14, 1.50, 2.25, 3.01.

Rover, one mile, 38, 1.15, 1.48, 2.21.

Mr. E. Kadoorie's derby griffin, mile and a half, 3.34, last quarter 33.

THE RIDING BOY.

SOLDIER'S SUDDEN DEATH.

A very sad occurrence took place this morning at about a quarter to nine o'clock at Plaswood Battery, some distance from Fort Belcher, and much to the surprise was occasioned at the Royal Garrison Artillery Headquarters when a telephone message was received conveying the information that Gunner Caldwell, R.G.A., had suddenly dropped down dead in his quarters, where he was found by his comrades. The matter is under military investigation, but it is understood that the cause of death was heart failure, as the deceased was of a generally delicate constitution.

ANOTHER NEW YEAR THEFT.

Last evening, at a time when Queen's Road, Central, is most crowded, a Chinaman of the lower class noticed that a comrade of a higher social grade had been making a few purchases, and was carrying the goods tied up neatly in a cloth. This tempting-looking parcel at once aroused the cupidity of the looter, and he promptly snatched the bundle out of the somewhat loose hold of the owner, and bolted down the street for all he was worth. Now, at this season of the year, a Chinese coolie in a hurry is always an object of suspicion, and so when a stalwart Indian constable, alert for once, spied the flying coolie, he stopped him and asked the reason of such unwonted hurry. While they were parleying, the owner of the bundle, breathless and irate, arrived on the scene, and excitedly claimed his property, and also claimed the snatcher's punishment. An adjournment was made to the Police station, where the claimant proved his title to the bundle, which simply contained some small clothes and a few pairs of socks. The coolie was charged with the theft and locked up until this morning, when he was to be given an opportunity to explain his possession of another man's property. This, however, when he was placed before Mr. F. A. Hazell this morning, he was unable to do, with the result that he was sent to three weeks' hard labour, and ordered to be publicly exposed in the stocks for six hours, in lieu of one day's imprisonment.

NEW YEAR HUMOUR.

THE LAMPLIGHTER AND THE JOKER.

Failure to appreciate a Chinese new year's joke led a lamplighter into trouble and made him to-day a sadder and poorer, but possibly a wiser man. A youthful Chinaman, out for all the "fun of the fair" in celebration of his New Year, seeing a lamplighter illuminating the western district, in the execution of his duties, he thought he would have some fun with him, so selecting a fine big cracker, he aimed, making the illuminator's head his target. He hit the mark, and then the trouble began. Dropping his lighting pole the lamplighter went for the joker, and was proceeding to prepare him for admission to the hospital when a district watchman in plain clothes intervened, and tried to separate the combatants, but without success; he himself getting badly mauled by both parties. Finally a district watchman in uniform chanced along, and recognising his colleague unmutilated arrested the bunch and marched them to the nearest Police Station, No. 7 West Point. This morning the joke was explained in the Chief Magistrate's Court, but not being able to appreciate it at its full value Mr. F. A. Hazell, after hearing Inspector Collett's description of the fun, fined the lamplighter \$10 for the assault on the district watchman and \$5 for his disorderly conduct, while the "joker" had to pay \$5 for his little bit of fun, which, no doubt, he is now deeply regretting.

SHIPPING TRADE IN THE ORIENT.

THE HILL STEAMSHIP LINE.

Vice-President James, of the Great Northern Steamship Company, who has returned to America from Japan and China, made the announcement that he is considering a schedule for the coming year whereby the Great Northern steamships *Minnesota* and *Dakota* will touch at Honolulu on their return trip from Japan and Chinese ports to Seattle. Mr. James stated that as a result of the settlement of the Russo-Japanese war the trade conditions in the Orient show great improvement, and the outlook for a very large increase in the business between America and Japan and China is very bright. He believes that if the United States Congress deals fairly with China in regard to the Exclusion Act the prospect of increased trade with that country will be more favourable. The Hawaiian sugar plantations are producing more than ever before, and at times the San Francisco boats have difficulty in handling the output. At present the Pacific Mail, Occidental and Oriental Steamship Company and the Oceanic Steamship Company practically control the business. By stopping at Honolulu the Hill liners would bring a large proportion of the Hawaiian trade to Seattle. The stop at Honolulu could be made with comparatively little loss of time. The distance from Yokohama to Honolulu is 3,445 miles and from Honolulu to Seattle 2,305, and schedules could be arranged which would be but little different from the present. The time spent in Oriental ports and in Seattle could be reduced, and the round trip made in about ninety days. At present the round trips are made in eighty seven days.

A PEKING telegram to the *Mainichi* reports that disturbances which have been prevalent for some time in the district of Heisi, Kiangnan province, are gaining ground, more especially at Taihu and Haining. The Chinese officials there are not taking active measures against the insurgents, and the Peking Government itself does not appear to be ready to take any decisive steps. There is consequently much anxiety among the foreigners in those localities.

THE CANTON AGITATION.

THE VICEROY AND GENTRY.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

Canton, 26th January.
The New Year has diverted the minds of the mass of the people from the serious state of affairs that exists in consequence of the high-handed manner in which the Viceroy has acted. I understand that the British Consul-General advised all foreigners to avoid going to see the officials worship the Emperor's tablet last night, or rather this morning. This warning was rather as a precaution than as an indication that there is any hostility against foreigners. Some of the Chinese might like to get the Viceroy into more trouble with the foreigners in order to have a stronger case against him.

Lai Kwai Pui remains in the guard house. He will not come out. He has been degraded and now will not leave the guard house in disgrace. It is said that he will not partake of any food, and refuses the opium pipe. He prefers death to freedom and disgrace. The events of the next few days are awaited with intense interest.

BLUEJACKETS VS. CUSTOMS.

The third match between the men of the U.S.S. *Monadnock* and an eleven from the Customs staff was played this afternoon. It being a holiday there was a large attendance of spectators. Play began about half past three. The teams were very evenly matched. Each team had already won one match and this was the rubber. During the first half of the game the men from the ship won two goals and the Customs one. Shortly after play was resumed the Customs scored again and for a long time it looked as if the game would end in a draw. Just before the whistle blew for the finish the ball went through the goal and the game closed: *Monadnock*, 3; Customs, 2.

CHINA'S MILITARY AMBITIONS.

STUDENTS AT ARMSTRONG'S AND KRUPP'S.

London papers state that seven young Chinese men of distinction arrived in London in December, having been specially despatched by their Government for the purpose of learning the making of guns, rifles, and ammunition. Messrs. W. G. Armstrong have agreed to "adopt" three of the Chinamen at their

TELEGRAMS.

[Reuter's.]

Opening of Parliament.

LONDON, 24th January.
The King and Queen will open Parliament on the 19th February.

France and Venezuela.

It is formally announced in Paris that France has decided to take action against Venezuela, but will choose her own time and procedure, not allowing Venezuela to force her hand.

It is believed that the Government is anxious not to become involved anywhere pending the outcome of the Morocco conference.

The Elections.

25th January.

Returns to date:—
Liberals 315, Labour 38, Nationalists 87, Unionists, 135.

The United States and China.

Mr. Elihu Root, Secretary of State, in receiving the Chinese travelling Commissioners, said the hearty welcome given to them expressed America's true sentiment towards China.

China Awakening.

Wang Tai Shieh, the new Chinese Minister to Great Britain, at an interview with Reuter's representative, said it was not to be doubted that China would follow the example of Japan and do her best to become a modern nation. A new army would probably be formed in the South on Western methods, similar to the army in Hupch in the North.

The Minister ridiculed the idea of the yellow peril and said that an alliance with Japan at present did not seem practicable, but a peaceful development of the country would make China's relations with England, America and Japan closer, until a formal alliance would be unnecessary.

In regard to the Anglo-Tibet treaty he said that China desired Tibet to be administered in a similar manner to the other provinces, and China, giving more effective administration, England could have no cause to apprehend hostile movements, hence China looked for a modification of the treaty before she could adhere to it.

ATTEMPTED BURGLARY IN HONGKONG.

Burglars entered the premises occupied by Messrs. Cottam and Company, Chater Street, early this morning, and succeeded in removing from the store room fifty-two shirts and some odds and ends of wearing apparel. The robbers are supposed to have gained entrance by means of a back window—a pane of glass from which was found to be missing. After the robbers had left the building, they placed the stolen goods in a public chair to be taken away, but, having probably forgotten something, they returned to the shop and appear to have been disturbed, for they decamped leaving the shirts in the chair waiting for them in the street. The chair coolies remained at the shop door for some time getting suspicious they removed the goods to the Central Station. The thieves are large.

INTERPORT HOCKEY.

HOCKEY CLUB V. CANTON H.C.

This match was played on the Hongkong Hockey Club ground at Happy Valley, yesterday afternoon. There was a large assembly of spectators. Both teams played a brilliant game, and at half-time Canton were leading by one to nil. Re-starting the home players put up a strong fight and their backs shone well in keeping off the visitors. After a fast match the Hongkongites won by three goals to two.

ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL.

H.M.S. "ANDROMEDA" V. H.M.S. "HINDY."

On the Naval football ground, at Happy Valley, yesterday afternoon, this friendly match was played. The Andromeda proved superior and won by three goals to one.

H.M.S. "TAMAR" V. Y.M.C.A.

This match which was held on the same ground, later in the afternoon, proved of some interest. The Y.M.C.A. kicked off and made their way to the Tamar's citadel, but failed in their efforts. The Tamar sped away and Wilkinson from a free kick netted the first goal for the sailors. In the second half play was rather even but in an attack the Y.M.C.A. equalized. The Tamar pressed severely after this, and Robinson, Ridley and Woolley tied long shots, but failed to score. Result—One all.

THE CHINA BORNEO CO.'S SLIPWAY.

The American schooner *Parlor* having been overhauled and repaired by the China Borneo Company was removed from the slipway on the afternoon of 28th ult. and left Sandakan for Zamboanga on the morning of 30th ult. The *B. N. B. Herald* congratulated Mr. Darby on such good work so speedily finished.

ADMIRAL NOEL AT SAIGON.

AN ENTHUSIASTIC WELCOME.

The warmth of Saigon's reception to the British cruiser squadron under Admiral Sir Gerard U. Noel was truly French. All Saigon appears to have been animated by the one idea that the visitors must realize that the *entente cordiale* was real, and no shadow affair. The only regret of the people of Saigon was that the big cruisers *Diadem*, *Hogus*, and *Suffolk* remained at Cape St. Jacques instead of proceeding up the river. According to the *Courrier Saigonnais*, of the 20th inst., the *Alacrity* brought Admiral Noel to Saigon. A salute of 17 guns was fired by the *Alacrity* and acknowledged by the *Montcalm*. Captain Faucon, acting as the representative of Governor-General Beau, proceeded on board the *Alacrity* and welcomed the British Admiral and his squadron to Saigon, while General Pennington rendered the good wishes of the military to the visitors. Owing to the fact that the British commander is of higher degree in the naval service, Vice-Admiral Richard attended Admiral Noel on the *Alacrity*. In the afternoon an automobile conveyed the British commander and his suite to the residence of the Governor-General. By mistake, the public ball to be given by the city at the municipal theatre had been fixed to take place on the same evening as that which had been arranged to be given by the officers of the French fleet on the *Montcalm*. At the last moment, the coincidence was discovered and arrangements made so that the balls should not clash.

A representative of the *Courrier Saigonnais* visited the *Alacrity* and had a chat with the officers who accompanied Admiral Noel. Afterwards he visited the lower deck and there he found the petty officers impatiently waiting for permission to go ashore so that they might visit the theatre. They declared that there was not a European theatre or at least they hadn't seen one—between Port Said and Vladivostok. The French journalist remarks cynically, "They will be disillusioned when they go to the theatre."

The programme of entertainments has already been published.

The *Courrier Saigonnais* has a stirring welcome on its first page to the officers and men of the British squadron. The visit gives the people of Indo-China the opportunity of manifesting their cordial sentiments towards their guests and friends and their satisfaction in the union of hearts. There is only one drawback. They would have desired to extend the *fetes* beyond the limits laid down by the official programme. Nevertheless the British visitors would be able to recognise the spirit of good fellowship which animated their hosts. The article speaks of Great Britain and France marching hand in hand, securing peace and prosperity on all sides. It concludes—"Vive l'Angleterre! Vive la France!"

JAPANESE POST OFFICE SCHEME.

HANKING

From the 1st February, the Japanese will come into operation in the system of handling money through the post office. Briefly, the proposed plan is to substitute the post office for postal orders. It is necessary to go or send forward one of them to the post office where one entered oneself as a client of the new system. These transactions will not be performed gratis. The post office will make pro rata charges, but they will be considerably less than the present charges. Further, the client must deposit a sum of 25 yen on which he will not receive any interest.

CHINESE STUDENTS IN TOKIO.

ASSOCIATION FORMED.

An association has been formed in Tokio by the Chinese students with a view to settling the dispute that has recently arisen over the Education Department regulations. Over 2,000 students have joined the association, the rules of which bind the members to attend school as before and pursue their studies. The association aspires to obtain by peaceful means the abrogation of the regulations objected to so bitterly. Those who resort to violent measures will be sent away from Japan by the society.

THE LATE BILL ADAMS.

SEARCHING FOR HIS TOMB.

It is reported that the chief purpose of Sir Claude MacDonald's visit to Hradzo was to search for the tomb of Will Adams, the first Englishman in Japan. Sir Claude asked Mr. Kato, a teacher of the Middle School there, to make investigations. Mr. Kato has discovered a tomb which he believes to be the one and will open it in a few days (after obtaining permission we presume) for confirmation.—Ex.

THE WEATHER.

The following report is from Mr. F. G. Figg, First Assistant of the Hongkong Observatory:—
On the 27th at 11.50 a. The barometer has risen in Japan, and fallen over China.

Pressure is highest between the E. coast of China and W. Japan.

Gradients are slight, and moderate to fresh monsoon may be expected in the Formosa Channel and the N. part of China Sea.

Forecast:—E. to N. winds, moderate or fresh, dull, some drizzling rain.

SAIGON CANARDS.

REPORTED OUTBREAK OF WAR BETWEEN FRANCE AND GERMANY.

Saigon was in a great state of excitement on the 11th inst. over a rumour that war had been declared between France and Germany. According to the *Courrier Saigonnais* these rumours had been floating about for several days, gathering strength as they went. Nothing else was discussed in the cafes or in the newspaper offices—which gave birth to the rumour. All those who had relatives or friends in the army were clamouring for news. The representative of the *Courrier* visited the office of the Governor-General and was told by the Colonial Secretary that the rumour was absolutely without foundation. There was absolutely nothing in the political situation to lead any one to believe that a rupture of diplomatic relations was even probable. Still unconvinced, the newspaper representative interviewed the chief naval officer at Saigon, Admiral de Marolles, who is in command of the naval defences of Indo-China. The Admiral said:

"I authorize you to state that, to my knowledge, there is not the slightest reason to believe in the possibility of war. I place so little reliance in these warlike reports that I am leaving this evening by the *Colombo* for Tonkin, in response to a telegram from General Voyron, who is looking after the requirements of the Government mission."

Apparently that satisfied the craving for news and the rumour evaporated. Saigon people are hungering for excitement now that the Russo-Japanese war is ended.

PEKING LEGATION GUARDS.

JAPANESE AND GERMANS AT LOGGERSHEADS.

A correspondent in the *P. & T. Times* gives some particulars of the brawl between Japanese, Dutch and German soldiers at Peking, of which a great deal has been made in some quarters in Shanghai. They appear to have arisen out of one of those unfortunate rows which will unfortunately occur in a garrison. The first disturbance took place in a house of ill-fame between Japanese and Dutch soldiers. On the afternoon of the 1st, outside the same, undesirable house as before, the Japanese and Dutch again came to blows. This time the Japanese would probably have been the victors had not some French soldiers intervened and put them to the rout. One Hollander was so seriously wounded that he had to be taken to the German Hospital, where he still lies. About nine o'clock the same evening and at the same place another fight took place, this time between Japanese and Germans. The most contradictory reports are current on both sides as to who started the trouble, but there is no question that it was the most sanguinary fray of all, and blood flowed freely from reciprocal bayonet thrusts and blows. Disinterested parties say that both sides were out looking for trouble and were prepared for it. When the various patrols had finally restored order, eight German and twelve Japanese were sent to their respective hospitals, and one German is in a critical condition, having no less than twenty-five jagged bayonet wounds, two of which are in the head. Colonel Bower and Captain Lee, the correspondent added, congratulated their respective forces on their good behaviour and on keeping clear of any trouble. It is evidently high time that the taking authorities cleared out the number of undesirable houses which are responsible for trouble of this kind, and it is something to be grateful for that they are not more numerous.

MALIGNANT MILLIONAIRES.

BENEFACATORS TO THE HUMAN RACE.

Miss Marie Corelli has been writing in the *Daily Mail* on "The Sorrows of a Millionaire." Several gentlemen who are reputed to be very wealthy have replied amongst them being Sir Marcus Samuel, who, in the course of some interesting remarks, says:—"Miss Marie Corelli has taken the distorted view of jaundiced disposition, by looking on the evil side of life alone. The sole point on which I agree with her is that the millionaire can only eat three meals a day. She does not realise that the millionaire is a benefactor to the whole human race, because he must necessarily share his wealth largely with others. On the whole, he is an unselfish creature enough, because great wealth brings great responsibility. I disagree most with Miss Corelli in her statement that he misses the saving grace of life—love. Very few men attain wealth, and certainly not happiness, unless they are inspired by this sublime motive. I believe that if Miss Corelli had a wider knowledge of the class about which she writes so glibly, she would find that nine-tenths of them would gladly acknowledge that they owed their success to women, and the fact that they do so doubles their enjoyment of it."

The first authoritative statement of the disposition of the celebrated Jagersfontein Excelsior, the most valuable diamond known prior to the find of last year, is made by Dr. George F. Kuus, of Tiffany & Co., in a report on precious stones which he has submitted to the United States Geological Survey for official publication. This big diamond, which was found in 1898 in the Orange Free State, weighed in the rough 971 carats, or about 71 ounces avoirdupois, and was valued at £200,000. Dr. Kuus says it has been divided into ten stones weighing about 153 carats each, with a total value of £380,000; that the original stone, after being divided, should not bring as much money as its first valuation was expected by diamond merchants, who say that such early estimates are usually exaggerated.

COMMERCIAL.

YARN MARKET.

In their report, dated 26th instant, Messrs. Phirozshah B. Perti and Co. write:—"The period under review for this Mail is much shorter than usual on account of the Chinese New Year falling on the 23rd instant in view of which business is approaching a standstill and may be closed completely till after the New Year festivities have ended and dealers have returned to the market from the interior where they have gone to enjoy this the greatest annual event in the Celestial Calendar. Our Yarn Market during the interval kept almost steady. Business is reported on a very large scale, but in keeping with the time-honoured custom of the Chinese, they will only book their settlements either on the New Year's day or on some subsequent date which their Calendar will give them as auspicious, for particular cases in the First Month of the New Year. Prices in many cases have maintained a steady tone and some of the threads, which were short supplied, fetched higher prices, whilst others have suffered to some extent through hasty sales. A large quantity has been shipped to Shanghai by foreign merchants who have sold it 'forward' at rates lower than those ruling at that end. Clearances during the first week were good; but later on they dwindled down considerably. We close with a firm market and expect a revival of business after the present festivities are over."

Advices from the North show that a good business has been done for clearance after the New Year and more business was hindered by the untidy attitude of Exchange.

The rice crop in Japan is pronounced to be a failure and that in the Kwangtung is promising, which, combined with some casiness of money market amongst the Chinese, has sustained our market.

Sales during period under review are reported of about 50 bales of No. 62, 4,200 bales of No. 101, 1,025 bales of No. 122, 250 bales of No. 161, and 1,000 bales of No. 202, in all about 7,425 bales.

Arrivals during the period per steamers *Lightning* (from Calcutta) and *Pekin* and *Austria* (from Bombay) amount to about 13,000 bales for this Port and about 65,000 bales for Shanghai.

Shipments to Shanghai and the Northern Ports about 5,500 bales.

The unsold stock is estimated at about 73,000 bales.

The Uncleared stock is about 56,000 bales.

Local Yarn.—No business is reported.

Japanese Yarn.—Sales nil.

Cotton.—Ruled quiet. No sales.

Exchange.—Quotations on the 24th inst. (Bank closed on the 25th and 26th inst. Chinese New Year Holidays).

India T. T.	at Rs. 150 1/2 per cent.
Demand	" 150 1/2
London T. T.	" Sh. 2.0 1/4 = \$
Demand	" 2.0 5/16 = \$
Shanghai	" Ts. 7 1/2 = \$100.
Silver	" 303 1/2 d. per oz.

Later.

After our Circular proper was sent to press, the following further sales are reported in the Market:

350 Bales Assurance	No. 102 at \$113
250 " China	" 122 " 112 1/2
200 " China	" 202 " 126 1/2
200 " Currimbhoy	" 101 " 112
250 " Currimbhoy	" 122 " 115
250 " David	" 108 " 114 1/2
200 " Dunbar	" 105 " 107
200 " Empress (New)	" 105 " 107
200 " Empress (Old)	" 105 " 106
100 " E. Pabany	" 108 " 108
100 " H. Pabany	" 118 " 112 1/2
100 " Hindostan	" 202 " 125
150 " Imperial	" 108 " 105
300 " Jacob	" 168 " 127 1/2
150 " James Greaves	" 105 " 105
100 " Madhowjee	" 202 " 127
200 " Swadeshi	" 105 " 116

3,300 Bales
Fresh arrivals per steamer *Delhi* (from Bombay) about 4,900 bales for this port and about 6,800 bales for Shanghai.

TO-DAY'S EXCHANGE.

London—Bank T.T.	..... 2 1/2
Do. demand	..... 2 5/16
Do. 4 months' sight	..... 2 1/2
France—Bank T.T.	..... 2 1/2
America—Bank T.T.	..... 49 1/2
Germany—Bank T.T.	..... 2 5/8
India T.T.	..... 150 1/2
Do. demand	..... 150 1/2
Shanghai—Bank T.T.	..... 7 1/2
Singapore T.T.	..... 15 1/2
Japan—Bank T.T.	..... 98 1/2
Java—Bank T.T.	..... 12 1/2

Buying.
4 months' sight L/C 2 1/2
6 months' sight L/C 2 1/2
30 days' sight San Francisco & New York 49 1/2
1 months' sight do. 50 1/2
30 days' sight Sydney and Melbourne 21 1/2
1 months' sight France 2 5/8
4 months' sight do. 2 1/2
6 months' sight Germany 2 1/2
Do. Silver 304
Bank of Finland rate 4 1/2
Sovereign 10.05

To-day's Advertisement.

CHEESE.

VERY CHOICE AUSTRALIAN

CHEDDAR.

ONLY 60 CENTS PER LB.

TRY SOME.

THE DAIRY FARM CO., LIMITED.

Hongkong, 27th January, 1906.

To-day's Advertisements.

MADAME JAY'S,
No. 4, Des Vaux Road.IMPORTERS OF
SMART MILLINERY, AND CORRECT
STYLESOF
EVENING AND DAY GOWNS.

Have just received from Paris:

A VARIETY OF CHIC WALKING
JACKETS;"LADIES CLOTH," in the NEW
SHADES;

A NEW MAKE in VOILS;

BEAUTIFUL LACE and SPANGLED
ROBES.

Madame JAY'S have a NOTED CUT-
TER from the "City of Paris," S. P., whose
specialty is EVENING, PRINCESS, and
DANCING FROCKS.

Hongkong, 27th January, 1906.

HONGKONG ST. ANDREW'S
SOCIETY.A SCOTCH CONCERT, to celebrate the
Anniversary of the Birth of ROBERT
BURNS, will be held in St. George Hall, City
Hall, at 9.15 P.M. TO-NIGHT (SATURDAY),
27th January, 1906.

Vocalists.—Messrs. GORDON and WOOD,
and Messrs. AULD, BAXTER, GALLOWAY and
LECKIE.

Violinist.—Mrs. OUGH.

Male Two and Part Songs.

Selections by the Band of the 2nd Battalion,
Royal West Kent Regiment.

Seats (if any) may be reserved at the
Robinson Piano Co., Ltd.

W. ARMSTRONG,
Hon. Secretary.

Hongkong, 27th January, 1906.

NORDEUTSCHER LLOYD, BREMEN.

NOTICE.

STEAM FOR
KUDAT and SANDAKAN.

Taking Cargo at through rates to Tawau, Lahad
Datu, Labuan, Jolo, Zamboanga and Menado.

THE Company's Steamship.

"BORNEO,"
Captain F. Sembill, will leave for the above
Ports, on TUESDAY, the 6th February, at
9 A.M.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
NORDEUTSCHER LLOYD,
MELCHERS & Co.,
Agents.

Hongkong, 27th January, 1906.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION
COMPANY, LIMITED.

FROM RANGOON AND STRAITS.

THE Company's Steamship.

"ZAIDA,"
having arrived from the above Ports, Consignees
of Cargo by her are hereby informed that their
Goods will be delivered from alongside.

Cargo impeding the discharge or remaining
on board after 4 P.M. TO-DAY (SATURDAY),
the 27th instant, will be landed at Consignees'
risk and expense.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.
Bills of Lading will be countersigned by
JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.,
Agents.

Hongkong, 27th January, 1906.

Auctions.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions
from the Hon. the Director of Public Works,
to sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION,

ON

TUESDAY,

the 30th January, 1906, at 11 A.M., at the
Government Stores, Wanchai,

SUNDRY CONDEMNED AND

OBSOLETE STORES,

Comprising:—
A large quantity of COLOURED PAINTS,
BRASS TAPS, TILES, IRON STOVES and
GRATINGS, FENESTERS, OLD IRON,
&c., &c.

TERMS:—As usual.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
Government Auctioneers.

Hongkong, 24th January, 1906.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions
to sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION,

ON

WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY,

the 7th and 8th February, 1906, commencing
each day at 2.30 P.M. sharp, at St. Andrews,
Barker Road, The Peak.

THE WHOLE OF THE
VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
THEREIN CONTAINED,

Comprising:—
MAPLES and MARINBURK'S MANU-
FACTURES, BECHSTEIN PIANO, BEDS,
CURTAINS, CUTLERY, ELECTRO-
PLATE, Small quantity of HOUSE and
TABLE LINEN, CARPETS, 2 MOSQUITO
HOUSE FRAMES, GAS FITTINGS,
CHAIRS, LINCKSHAN CAMERA COM-
PLET, One TELESCOPE on STAND,
GARDEN HOSE and ROLLER, GARDEN
SEATS, CROQUET and HOWLS (new),
FOWLS, and large Assortment of PALMS,
FERNS, ORCHIDS, and other PLANTS.

The downstairs Furniture and part of the
Plants will be sold on Wednesday and the
Bedroom Furniture and remainder of the
Plants on Thursday.

On view—Monday and Tuesday, the 5th and
6th February.

Catalogues will be issued.

TERMS:—As usual.

For further particulars, apply to—
HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.

Hongkong, 24th January, 1906.

Intimations.

Special Opportunity

AT THE

ROBINSON PIANO
CO., LD.

ONE GETS A POOR RETURN FROM

A PIANO IF IT IS A MERE ARTICLE

OF FURNITURE OR AN INDIF-

FERENT MUSICAL INSTRUMENT.

ATTACH AN

APOLLO
PIANOLA

AND ALL MUSIC IS AT YOUR

COMMAND.

A CONCERT OR DANCE PROGRAM-

ME AT A MOMENT'S NOTICE.

\$290 UPWARDS.

HIRE OR HIRE-PURCHASE SYSTEM.

RACHALS'
PIANOS

\$550, formerly \$670.

JUST UNPACKED

IN NEW STORE,

For Sale.

THE HONGKONG FROZEN FOOD SUPPLY.

THE DEPOT OPENS AT 6 A.M.

THE following are in Stock:—
PRIME AUSTRALIAN BEEF
MUTTON, LAMB, PORK AND VEAL
DAIRY FARM FED PORK.

Australian Oysters, 2½ doz.; bottles \$1.00 per bot.	
do. 5 doz. large bottle.	1.90
do. Schnapper	0.50 per lb.
do. Bacon, Best Eng.	0.75 "
do. Bacon, Best Aust.	0.75 "
do. "Crown" Meat Extract, 2 oz.	0.70 per pot.
do. do. 4 oz.	1.25 "
Capons, Dairy Farm Fed (dressed)	1.05 each.
Chickens do do	0.75 "
Chickens' Livers	0.04 "
Chickens' Gizzards	0.01 "
Ducks, Local (dressed)	0.65 "
Ducks, Wild	0.75 "
Geese, Local (dressed)	1.50 "
Hares, Australian 1st Grade	1.40 "
Ham, Best York	0.70 per lb.
Lam, Australian, "Pineapple" Brand	0.65 "
1½ cts. extra per lb. for Ham if cut.	
Honey, Best Aust.	0.60 "
Kidneys, Australian Sheep	0.05 each.
Oysters, American (large size, in tin)	2.50 per tin.
Partridges, Local	0.75 each.
Pigeons, Local	0.25 "
Pigeons, Wild (dressed)	0.25 "
Rabbits, Australian, 1st Grade	0.65 "
Rice Birds	1.00 per doz.
Sausages, Australian Fritz	0.60 "
Sausages, Own Make (of Australian Meats)	0.35 "
Tongues, Australian Sheep	0.25 each.
Turkeys, Choice Australian (plucked)	0.70 per lb.

SPECIAL NOTE.

Orders required to be filled in the Early Morning should be sent in before 3.30 P.M. the previous day.
Orders for Noon should be sent in by 8.00 A.M. the same day.
Orders for 3.30 P.M. should be sent in by Noon the same day.
Hongkong, 5th January, 1906.

FOR SALE.

INCANDESCENT GASOLINE LAMPS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS, from the best makers.

INCANDESCENT MANTLES, CHIMNEYS, GLOBES, SHADES, &c., for GASOLINE AND GAS LAMPS at the most moderate prices.
Lamps fixed up for Buyers free of charge.
Naphtha of the best kind kept in stock.

TAI KWONG CO.

Hongkong, 2nd May, 1904.

Intimations.

CUTLER, PALMER & CO.

WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

LONDON, INDIA, CHINA, JAPAN AND AUSTRALIA.

ESTABLISHED 1815.

BRANDY	Per Case.
20.00	
16.75	
20.00	
12.50	
10.50	
20.00	
13.75	
20.00	
16.00	
40.50	

THE ABOVE EXCLUSIVELY SHIPPED TO

SIEMSEN & CO.

HONGKONG AGENTS.

Hongkong, 15th November, 1905.

ACHEE & CO.

ESTABLISHED 1859.

FURNITURE,

DEPOT

GENERAL HOUSEHOLD

FOR

REQUISITES.

EASTMAN'S

KODAKS, FILMS,

AND

ACCESSORIES.

AMATEUR WORK RECEIVED PROMPT and CAREFUL ATTENTION.

Hongkong, 16th May, 1907.

Mails.

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.



STEAM FOR SAIGON, SINGAPORE, BATAVIA, COLOMBO, INDIA, ADEN, DJIBOUTI, EGYPT, MARSEILLES, LONDON.

HAYRE, BORDEAUX, MEDITERRANEAN AND BLACK SEA PORTS.

The S.S. "CALEDONNIEN" Captain Gregory will be despatched for Marseilles on TUESDAY, the 6th February, at 1 P.M.

This steamer connects at Colombo with the Australian line s.s. Sydney bound for Marseilles via Bombay and Aden.

Passage tickets and through Bills of Lading issued for above ports.

Cargo also booked for principal places in Europe.

Next sailings will be as follows:—
S.S. SALAZAR 20th February.
S.S. TOURANE 6th March.
S.S. OCEANIE 20th March.
S.S. TONKIN 3rd April.
S.S. ARMAND BEHIC 17th April.G. DE CHAMPEAUX, Agent.
Hongkong, 24th January, 1906.

STATIONERY! STATIONERY! HAVE just received a large and varied consignment of Stationery suitable for all purposes, such as Academic, Crown Vellum, Pencil and Scotch Scenery Note Papers and Envelopes.

NOW ON SHOW. Inspection earnestly solicited.
H. KUTTON, Hongkong and Kowloon.
Hongkong, 18th January, 1906.

AN APPEAL. THE SUPERIORESS OF THE ITALIAN CONVENT, CAINE ROAD, begs most respectfully to APPEAL to the Residents of Hongkong and the Coast Ports; for their kind patronage and support, and desires to state that she will be pleased to receive orders for all kinds of NEEDLE WORK.

Gentlemen's Shirts made to order, and Gulls and Collars renewed on old ones.
Ladies and Children's Under-clothing, Children's Dresses, and all kinds of Embroidery. Materials can be supplied, if required.

The Superiress will also be most grateful for any PAPER, or old ENVELOPES to be made into Baskets for the Children of the Poor Schools, who are taught by the Sisters.

Sole by CHEMISTS, Circular mail on request.
The Sisters, 22nd April, 1892.

TRADE MARK. CURES MEN & WOMEN. RIGG is a non-poisonous remedy for any structural discharge and inflammation, irritation or ulceration of the urinary membrane. It is guaranteed not to interfere with the system.

Prevents enlargement. SOLD BY CHEMISTS. Circular mail on request.
The Sisters, 22nd April, 1892.

Intimations.

THE TRADE MARKS ORDINANCE, 1898.

APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION OF TRADE MARKS.

NOTICE is hereby given that EBRAHIMHOY PABANEY MILLS CO., LD., carrying on business at Bombay, China and elsewhere as Manufacturers of Cotton Yarn, have, on the 27th day of September, 1905, applied for the registration in Hongkong in the Register of Trade Marks of the following Trade Marks:—

1.—The representation or illustration of two Phoenixes flying before the setting sun. In the left hand corner of the label is written the Chinese characters (雙鳳朝陽) meaning in English "two Phoenixes facing the sun." At the top of the label and inside the surrounding border are written the English words "Ebrahimhoi Pabaney Mills Co., Ltd." being the owners and proprietors of the said Trade Mark. On the margin of the label and inside the surrounding border on the right hand side are written the Chinese characters (八巴利紗廠) being the equivalent in Chinese of Ebrahimhoi Pabaney Mills Co., Ltd. The said Trade Mark is known amongst the Chinese as "Sheung Fung Chiu Yeung Mark" (雙鳳朝陽). The "Sheung Fung Chiu Yeung" both in English and Chinese are claimed as an essential particular of the said Trade Mark in conjunction and in combination with the above described representation or illustration.

2.—The representation or illustration of two Chinese ladies dressed in embroidered attire, sitting on a couch under the shade of four bamboo trees. At the top of the label and inside the surrounding border are written the words "Ebrahimhoi Pabaney Mills Co., Ltd." being the owners and proprietors of the said Trade Mark. At the bottom of the label and inside the surrounding border are the Chinese characters (衣巴羅杯巴班) meaning in English "Ebrahimhoi Pabaney Mills Co., Ltd." being the equivalent in Chinese of Ebrahimhoi Pabaney Mills Co., Ltd.

3.—The representation or illustration of a sailing boat with two large three-cornered sails. The boat is depicted inside a circle around which is the name of the Company, The Ebrahimhoi Pabaney Mills Co., Ltd., the owners and proprietors of the said Trade Mark.

4.—The representation or illustration of a Chinese god called "Wai Lui" holding in his right hand a sword. The god is depicted wearing a helmet and the dress of a Chinese warrior. Above the illustration and below the border are written in the right hand corner of the label the Chinese characters (將軍) meaning in English "General." On the margin of the label and inside the surrounding border on the right hand side are written the Chinese characters (八巴利紗廠) being the equivalent in Chinese of Ebrahimhoi Pabaney Mills Co., Ltd. The said Trade Mark is known amongst the Chinese as "Wai Lui" Mark. The words "Wai Lui" both in English and Chinese are claimed as an essential particular of the said Trade Mark in conjunction and in combination with the above described representation or illustration.

5.—The representation or illustration of a rock out of which is depicted growing the magnolia plant and flowers. At the top of the label and inside the surrounding border are the words "Ebrahimhoi Pabaney Mills Co., Ltd." being the owners and proprietors of the said Trade Mark. At the bottom of the label and inside the surrounding border are the Chinese characters (衣巴羅杯巴班) meaning in English "Ebrahimhoi Pabaney Mills Co., Ltd." being the equivalent in Chinese of Ebrahimhoi Pabaney Mills Co., Ltd. The said Trade Mark is known amongst the Chinese as "Lan Fa" both in English and Chinese are claimed as an essential particular of the said Trade Mark in conjunction and in combination with the above described representation or illustration.

6.—The representation or illustration of a Oriental juggler standing on his hands with their legs projecting upwards. A fowl is depicted standing on the soles of each of their feet. Behind the jugglers are bamboo trees and a Chinese house. At the top of the label and inside the surrounding border are the words "Ebrahimhoi Pabaney Mills Co., Ltd." being the owners and proprietors of the said Trade Mark. On the right hand side of the label and inside the surrounding border are the Chinese characters (八巴利紗廠) being the equivalent in Chinese of Ebrahimhoi Pabaney Mills Co., Ltd. The said Trade Mark is known amongst the Chinese as "Shan Kwai" both in English and Chinese are claimed as an essential particular of the said Trade Mark in conjunction and in combination with the above described representation or illustration.

7.—The representation or illustration of one of the eight Chinese Genii sitting on the sea. His left hand is holding a Chinese staff from which emits fire, smoke and flames. The right hand is holding a staff. He is depicted looking upwards towards the sun, and an illustration of the sun is depicted in the right hand corner of the label and above the Genii. In the middle of the label is written the Chinese characters (李鐵拐) meaning in English "Li Ti Kwei" the name of the Genii. At the top of the label and inside the surrounding border are the English words "Ebrahimhoi Pabaney Mills Co., Ltd." being the owners and proprietors of the said Trade Mark. On the right hand side of the label and inside the surrounding border are written the Chinese characters (衣巴羅杯巴班) meaning in English "Ebrahimhoi Pabaney Mills Co., Ltd." being the equivalent in Chinese of Ebrahimhoi Pabaney Mills Co., Ltd. The said Trade Mark is known amongst the Chinese as "Li Ti Kwei" both in English and Chinese are claimed as an essential particular of the said Trade Mark in conjunction and in combination with the above described representation or illustration.

8.—The representation or illustration of an old Chinese teacher sitting on the ground. A child is depicted on his right side and a Chinese woman is depicted standing in front of him with one of her hands pointing at the child. At the top of the picture but below the surrounding border are written the Chinese characters (夫子教) meaning in English "Teacher's lesson." At the top of the label and inside the surrounding border are written the English words "Ebrahimhoi Pabaney Mills Co., Ltd." being the owners and proprietors of the said Trade Mark. On the right hand side of the label and inside the surrounding border are written the Chinese characters (衣巴羅杯巴班) meaning in English "Ebrahimhoi Pabaney Mills Co., Ltd." being the equivalent in Chinese of Ebrahimhoi Pabaney Mills Co., Ltd. The said Trade Mark is known amongst the Chinese as "Shan Fa" both in English and Chinese are claimed as an essential particular of the said Trade Mark in conjunction and in combination with the above described representation or illustration.

Intimations.

THE TRADE MARKS ORDINANCE, 1898.

APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION OF TRADE MARKS.

NOTICE is hereby given that EBRAHIMHOY PABANEY MILLS CO., LD., carrying on business at Bombay, China and elsewhere as Manufacturers of Cotton Yarn, have, on the 27th day of September, 1905, applied for the registration in Hongkong in the Register of Trade Marks of the following Trade Marks:—

1.—The representation or illustration of a two-wheeled cart pushed by a Chinese boy. A man is depicted standing by the side of the boy with his right hand upholding a three-cornered flag. On the right hand side of the label and inside the surrounding border are written the Chinese characters (雙輪車) meaning in English "Two-wheeled cart." At the top of the label and inside the surrounding border are written the English words "Ebrahimhoi Pabaney Mills Co., Ltd." being the owners and proprietors of the said Trade Mark. The said Trade Mark is known amongst the Chinese as "Sheung Lun Mark." The words "Sheung Lun" both in English and Chinese are claimed as an essential particular of the said Trade Mark in conjunction and in combination with the above described representation or illustration.

2.—The representation or illustration of a two-wheeled cart pushed by a Chinese boy. A man is depicted standing by the side of the boy with his right hand upholding a three-cornered flag. On the right hand side of the label and inside the surrounding border are written the Chinese characters (雙輪車) meaning in English "Two-wheeled cart." At the top of the label and inside the surrounding border are written the English words "Ebrahimhoi Pabaney Mills Co., Ltd." being the owners and proprietors of the said Trade Mark. The said Trade Mark is known amongst the Chinese as "Sheung Lun Mark." The words "Sheung Lun" both in English and Chinese are claimed as an essential particular of the said Trade Mark in conjunction and in combination with the above described representation or illustration.

3.—The representation or illustration of the famous Chinese warrior "Chiu Tsz Lung" riding upon a horse holding a sword in both hands. In the right hand corner of the label are written the Chinese characters (趙子龍) meaning in English the name of the warrior Chiu Tsz Lung. On the right hand side of the label and inside the surrounding border are the Chinese characters (衣巴羅杯巴班) being the equivalent in Chinese of Ebrahimhoi Pabaney Mills Co., Ltd. The said Trade Mark is known amongst the Chinese as "Chiu Tsz Lung Mark." The words "Chiu Tsz Lung" both in English and Chinese are claimed as an essential particular of the said Trade Mark in conjunction and in combination with the above described representation or illustration.

4.—The representation or illustration of a Chinese god known as "San To" (神茶) being the god in Chinese mythology who "keeps the Door" and "drives the evil spirits away." In the right hand corner of the label are written the Chinese characters (神茶) meaning in English "San To." In the margin of the label on the right hand side thereof are written the Chinese characters (衣巴羅杯巴班) being the equivalent in Chinese of Ebrahimhoi Pabaney Mills Co., Ltd. The said Trade Mark is known amongst the Chinese as "San To" both in English and Chinese are claimed as an essential particular of the said Trade Mark in conjunction and in combination with the above described representation or illustration.

5.—The representation or illustration of the Shan Fa flower. At the top of the label and inside the surrounding border are written the Chinese characters (山花) meaning in English "Shan Fa flower." At the top of the label and inside the surrounding border are written the English words "Ebrahimhoi Pabaney Mills Co., Ltd." being the owners and proprietors of the said Trade Mark. On the right hand side of the label and inside the surrounding border are written the Chinese characters (衣巴羅杯巴班) meaning in English "Ebrahimhoi Pabaney Mills Co., Ltd." being the equivalent in Chinese of Ebrahimhoi Pabaney Mills Co., Ltd. The said Trade Mark is known amongst the Chinese as "Shan Fa" both in English and Chinese are claimed as an essential particular of the said Trade Mark in conjunction and in combination with the above described representation or illustration.

6.—The representation or illustration of a Motor Car with a Hindoo man seated in the car and holding with both hands the steering wheel. There is a large package in the body of the car upon which is written "Ebrahimhoi Mills." At the top of the label and inside the surrounding border are written the Chinese characters (此加廉批嗎士有限公司) being the equivalent in Chinese of Ebrahimhoi Mills Co., Ltd. The said Trade Mark is known amongst the Chinese as "Sze Kwai Hing Lung Mark." The words "Sze Kwai Hing Lung" both in English and Chinese are claimed as an essential particular of the said Trade Mark in conjunction and in combination with the above described representation or illustration.

7.—The representation or illustration of a Chinese Mandarin with hands crossed holding a scroll upon which is written the Chinese characters (四喜與隆) meaning in English "prosperous throughout the four seasons." At the top of the label and inside the surrounding border are written the Chinese characters (衣巴羅杯巴班) being the equivalent in Chinese of Ebrahimhoi Pabaney Mills Co., Ltd. The said Trade Mark is known amongst the Chinese as "Sze Kwai Hing Lung Mark." The words "Sze Kwai Hing Lung" both in English and Chinese are claimed as an essential particular of the said Trade Mark in conjunction and in combination with the above described representation or illustration.

8.—The representation or illustration of a Chinese Mandarin with hands crossed holding a scroll upon which is written the Chinese characters (四喜與隆) meaning in English "prosperous throughout the four seasons." At the top of the label and inside the surrounding border are written the Chinese characters (衣巴羅杯巴班) being the equivalent in Chinese of Ebrahimhoi Pabaney Mills Co., Ltd. The said Trade Mark is known amongst the Chinese as "Sze Kwai Hing Lung Mark." The words "Sze Kwai Hing Lung" both in English and Chinese are claimed as an essential particular of the said Trade Mark in conjunction and in combination with the above described representation or illustration.

9.—The representation or illustration of a Chinese Mandarin with hands crossed holding a scroll upon which is written the Chinese characters (四喜與隆) meaning in English "prosperous throughout the four seasons." At the top of the label and inside the surrounding border are written the Chinese characters (衣巴羅杯巴班) being the equivalent in Chinese of Ebrahimhoi Pabaney Mills Co., Ltd. The said Trade Mark is known amongst the Chinese as "Sze Kwai Hing Lung Mark." The words "Sze Kwai Hing Lung" both in English and Chinese are claimed as an essential particular of the said Trade Mark in conjunction and in combination with the above described representation or illustration.

10.—The representation or illustration of a Chinese Mandarin with hands crossed holding a scroll upon which is written the Chinese characters (四喜與隆) meaning in English "prosperous throughout the four seasons." At the top of the label and inside the surrounding border are written the Chinese characters (衣巴羅杯巴班) being the equivalent in Chinese of Ebrahimhoi Pabaney Mills Co., Ltd. The said Trade Mark is known amongst the Chinese as "Sze Kwai Hing Lung Mark." The words "Sze Kwai Hing Lung" both in English and Chinese are claimed as an essential particular of the said Trade Mark in conjunction and in combination with the above described representation or illustration.

Intimations.

THE TRADE MARKS ORDINANCE, 1898.

APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION OF TRADE MARKS.

NOTICE is hereby given that THE CURRIMBOY EBRABIMHOY MILLS CO., LTD., carrying on business at Bombay, China and elsewhere as Manufacturers of Cotton Yarn, have, on the 27th day of September, 1905, applied for the registration in Hongkong in the Register of Trade Marks of the following Trade Marks:—

1.—The representation or illustration of the face of Mr. Currimboy Ebrahim who is a Mahomedan and who is depicted wearing the big gold Mahomedan turban. At the top of the label and inside the surrounding border is written "The Currimboy Mills Company, Limited." On the right hand side of the label and inside the surrounding border is written "Guzarati characters being the equivalent in Guzarat of the Currimboy Mills Company, Limited." The said Trade Mark is known amongst the Chinese as "Tai Tau Yan Mark." The words "Tai Tau Yan" (大頭人) both in English and Chinese are claimed as an essential particular of the Trade Mark in conjunction and in combination with the above described representation or illustration.

2.—The representation or illustration of a frog or toad known to the Chinese as "Kum Pa." Sitting on the frog or toad appears the representation or illustration of a Chinese boy. On the left hand side of the label and inside the surrounding border is written "The Currimboy Mills Company, Limited." On the right hand side of the label and inside the surrounding border are written the Chinese characters (此加廉批嗎士有限公司) being the equivalent in Chinese of Currimboy Mills Company, Limited. The said Trade Mark is known amongst the Chinese as "Kum Pa Mark." The words "Kum Pa" (橋扒) both in English and Chinese are claimed as an essential particular of the Trade Mark in conjunction and in combination with the above described representation or illustration.

3.—The representation or illustration of a large "gold fish" which species is known amongst the Chinese as the "Fat Ngam Kam Yu" (山眼金魚). Sitting or reclining upon this gold fish are two Oriental boys who are depicted with their heads together. The boy on the right side is holding a small globe and both boys are looking into it. In the margin of the label on the right hand side thereof are written the Chinese characters (此加廉批嗎士有限公司) being the equivalent in Chinese of Currimboy Mills Company, Limited. The said Trade Mark is known amongst the Chinese as "Kam Yu Mark." The words "Kam Yu" both in English and Chinese are claimed as an essential particular of the said Trade Mark in conjunction and in combination with the above described representation or illustration.

4.—The representation or illustration of a bale of cotton yarn. On the right side of the bale is depicted standing the representation or illustration of a Chinaman holding in his left hand a fan. Both men are depicted facing the bale of Cotton Yarn. At the top of the label and inside the surrounding border is written in English "The Currimboy Mills Company, Limited." The said Trade Mark is known amongst the Chinese as "Sze Kwai Hing Lung Mark." The words "Sze Kwai Hing Lung" both in English and Chinese are claimed as an essential particular of the said Trade Mark in conjunction and in combination with the above described representation or illustration.

5.—The representation or illustration of a Chinese Mandarin with hands crossed holding a scroll upon which is written the Chinese characters (四喜與隆) meaning in English "prosperous throughout the four seasons." At the top of the label and inside the surrounding border are written the Chinese characters (衣巴羅杯巴班) being the equivalent in Chinese of Ebrahimhoi Pabaney Mills Co., Ltd. The said Trade Mark is known amongst the Chinese as "Sze Kwai Hing Lung Mark." The words "Sze Kwai Hing Lung" both in English and Chinese are claimed as an essential particular of the said Trade Mark in conjunction and in combination with the above described representation or illustration.

6.—The representation or illustration of a Chinese Mandarin with hands crossed holding a scroll upon which is written the Chinese characters (四喜與隆) meaning in English "prosperous throughout the four seasons." At the top of the label and inside the surrounding border are written the Chinese characters (衣巴羅杯巴班) being the equivalent in Chinese of Ebrahimhoi Pabaney Mills Co., Ltd. The said Trade Mark is known amongst the Chinese as "Sze Kwai Hing Lung Mark." The words "Sze Kwai Hing Lung" both in English and Chinese are claimed as an essential particular of the said Trade Mark in conjunction and in combination with the above described representation or illustration.

7.—The representation or illustration of a Chinese Mandarin with hands crossed holding a scroll upon which is written the Chinese characters (四喜與隆) meaning in English "prosperous throughout the four seasons." At the top of the label and inside the surrounding border are written the Chinese characters (衣巴羅杯巴班) being the equivalent in Chinese of Ebrahimhoi Pabaney Mills Co., Ltd. The said Trade Mark is known amongst the Chinese as "Sze Kwai Hing Lung Mark." The words "Sze Kwai Hing Lung" both in English and Chinese are claimed as an essential particular of the said Trade Mark in conjunction and in combination with the above described representation or illustration.

8.—The representation or illustration of a Chinese Mandarin with hands crossed holding a scroll upon which is written the Chinese characters (四喜與隆) meaning in English "prosperous throughout the four seasons." At the top of the label and inside the surrounding border are written the Chinese characters (衣巴羅杯巴班) being the equivalent in Chinese of Ebrahimhoi Pabaney Mills Co., Ltd. The said Trade Mark is known amongst the Chinese as "Sze Kwai Hing Lung Mark." The words "Sze Kwai Hing Lung" both in English and Chinese are claimed as an essential particular of the said Trade Mark in conjunction and in combination with the above described representation or illustration.

9.—The representation or illustration of a Chinese Mandarin with hands crossed holding a scroll upon which is written the Chinese characters (四喜與隆) meaning in English "prosperous throughout the four seasons." At the top of the label and inside the surrounding border are written the Chinese characters (衣巴羅杯巴班) being the equivalent in Chinese of Ebrahimhoi Pabaney Mills Co., Ltd. The said Trade Mark is known amongst the Chinese as "Sze Kwai Hing Lung Mark." The words "Sze Kwai Hing Lung" both in English and Chinese are claimed as an essential particular of the said Trade Mark in conjunction and in combination with the above described representation or illustration.

10.—The representation or illustration of a Chinese Mandarin with hands crossed holding a scroll upon which is written the Chinese characters (四喜與隆) meaning in English "prosperous throughout the four seasons." At the top of the label and inside the surrounding border are written the Chinese characters (衣巴羅杯巴班) being the equivalent in Chinese of Ebrahimhoi Pabaney Mills Co., Ltd. The said Trade Mark is known amongst the Chinese as "Sze Kwai Hing Lung Mark." The words "Sze Kwai Hing Lung" both in English and Chinese are claimed as an essential particular of the said Trade Mark in conjunction and in combination with the above described representation or illustration.

Intimations.

THE TRADE MARKS ORDINANCE, 1898.

APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION OF TRADE MARKS.

NOTICE is hereby given that Messrs. CURRIMBOY EBRABIMHOY MILLS CO., LTD., carrying on business at Bombay, India and elsewhere as Merchants, have, on the 27th day of September, 1905, applied for the registration in Hongkong in the Register of Trade Marks of the following Trade Marks:—

1.—The representation or illustration of a man and a crocodile. A crocodile is depicted lying on the surface of the pond and coming towards the shore. A boat with two oriental men in it is depicted close to the tail of the crocodile and being propelled by two oars. At the top of the label and inside the surrounding border are written "Currimboy Ebrahim & Co." the owners and proprietors of the Trade Mark. At the bottom of the label and inside the surrounding border are written the Chinese characters (釣鱷) meaning in English "crocodile fishing." The said Trade Mark is known amongst the Chinese as "Tiu Ngok Yu Mark" (釣鱷魚). The words "Tiu Ngok Yu" (釣鱷魚) both in English and Chinese are claimed as an essential particular of the said Trade Mark in conjunction and in combination with the above described representation or illustration.

2.—The representation of an old Ram having two sharp pointed horns. The Ram is depicted standing in a field surrounded by trees. Around the label is a fancy border and at the top of the label and forming part of the fancy border are written "Currimboy Ebrahim & Co." the owners and proprietors of the Trade Mark. At the bottom of the label and inside the surrounding border are written the Chinese characters (老綿羊) meaning in English "Great Sheep." The said Trade Mark is known amongst the Chinese as "La Ming Yeung Mark" (老綿羊). The words "La Ming Yeung" both in English and Chinese are claimed as an essential particular of the said Trade Mark in conjunction and in combination with the above described representation or illustration.

3.—The representation or illustration of the Chinese historical and illustrious person "Tao Chow" who is depicted standing in a mountain ravine surrounded by mountains. On each side of "Tao Chow" are depicted a man and a woman each holding a large Chinese mandarin fan over his head. Near him are depicted two Chinese warriors holding war flags who are supposed to be interviewing or talking to him. In the left hand corner of the label are written the Chinese characters (曹錕) meaning in English "Tao Chow." At the top of the label and inside the surrounding border are written "Currimboy Ebrahim & Co." the owners and proprietors of the said Trade Mark. The said Trade Mark is known amongst the Chinese as "Tao Chow Mark." The words "Tao Chow" (曹錕) both in English and Chinese are claimed as an essential particular of the Trade Mark in conjunction and in combination with the above described representation or illustration.

4.—The representation or illustration of five Chinamen and a Chinese boy standing or sitting round a round table. The table is depicted standing amongst a quantity of flowers or leaves. On the table are fruits which the Chinese boys are reaching for. At the top of the label and inside the surrounding border are written "Currimboy Ebrahim & Co." the owners and proprietors of the said Trade Mark. Above the illustration and below the border are written the Chinese characters (飲宴) meaning in English "Drinking." The said Trade Mark is known amongst the Chinese as the "Yam Yin Mark." The words "Yam Yin" (飲宴) both in English and Chinese are claimed as an essential particular of the Trade Mark in conjunction and in combination with the above described representation or illustration.

5.—The representation or illustration of a Chinese Mandarin with hands crossed holding a scroll upon which is written the Chinese characters (四喜與隆) meaning in English "prosperous throughout the four seasons." At the top of the label and inside the surrounding border are written the Chinese characters (衣巴羅杯巴班) being the equivalent in Chinese of Ebrahimhoi Pabaney Mills Co., Ltd. The said Trade Mark is known amongst the Chinese as "Sze Kwai Hing Lung Mark." The words "Sze Kwai Hing Lung" both in English and Chinese are claimed as an essential particular of the said Trade Mark in conjunction and in combination with the above described representation or illustration.

6.—The representation or illustration of a Chinese Mandarin with hands crossed holding a scroll upon which is written the Chinese characters (四喜與隆) meaning in English "prosperous throughout the four seasons." At the top of the label and inside the surrounding border are written the Chinese characters (衣巴羅杯巴班) being the equivalent in Chinese of Ebrahimhoi Pabaney Mills Co., Ltd. The said Trade Mark is known amongst the Chinese as "Sze Kwai Hing Lung Mark." The words "Sze Kwai Hing Lung" both in English and Chinese are claimed as an essential particular of the said Trade Mark in conjunction and in combination with the above described representation or illustration.

7.—The representation or illustration of a Chinese Mandarin with hands crossed holding a scroll upon which is written the Chinese characters (四喜與隆) meaning in English "prosperous throughout the four seasons." At the top of the label and inside the surrounding border are written the Chinese characters (衣巴羅杯巴班) being the equivalent in Chinese of Ebrahimhoi Pabaney Mills Co., Ltd. The said Trade Mark is known amongst the Chinese as "Sze Kwai Hing Lung Mark." The words "Sze Kwai Hing Lung" both in English and Chinese are claimed as an essential particular of the said Trade Mark in conjunction and in combination with the above described representation or illustration.

8.—The representation or illustration of a Chinese Mandarin with hands crossed holding a scroll upon which is written the Chinese characters (四喜與隆) meaning in English "prosperous throughout the four seasons." At the top of the label and inside the surrounding border are written the Chinese characters (衣巴羅杯巴班) being the equivalent in Chinese of Ebrahimhoi Pabaney Mills Co., Ltd. The said Trade Mark is known amongst the Chinese as "Sze Kwai Hing Lung Mark." The words "Sze Kwai Hing Lung" both in English and Chinese are claimed as an essential particular of the said Trade Mark in conjunction and in combination with the above described representation or illustration.

9.—The representation or illustration of a Chinese Mandarin with hands crossed holding a scroll upon which is written the Chinese characters (四喜與隆) meaning in English "prosperous throughout the four seasons." At the top of the label and inside the surrounding border are written the Chinese characters (衣巴羅杯巴班) being the equivalent in Chinese of Ebrahimhoi Pabaney Mills Co., Ltd. The said Trade Mark is known amongst the Chinese as "Sze Kwai Hing Lung Mark." The words "Sze Kwai Hing Lung" both in English and Chinese are claimed as an essential particular of the said Trade Mark in conjunction and in combination with the above described representation or illustration.

10.—The representation or illustration of a Chinese Mandarin with hands crossed holding a scroll upon which is written the Chinese characters (四喜與隆) meaning in English "prosperous throughout the four seasons." At the top of the label and inside the surrounding border are written the Chinese characters (衣巴羅杯巴班) being the equivalent in Chinese of Ebrahimhoi Pabaney Mills Co., Ltd. The said Trade Mark is known amongst the Chinese as "Sze Kwai Hing Lung Mark." The words "Sze Kwai Hing Lung" both in English and Chinese are claimed as an essential particular of the said Trade Mark in conjunction and in combination with the above described representation or illustration.